

THE SUPREME COURT of OHIO **Show Me the Data:** A Profile of Ohio's Specialized Dockets

Ohio Specialized Dockets Fall Education Series, November 30, 2020

Presentation Outline



- Background on the Supreme Court's specialized docket data collection program
- Data collection program purpose, implementation, and overview
- Data
- Future updates and other activities

Data Collection Program Background



- Sup.R. 36.02 through 36.28, effective January 1, 2013
 - Standard 12, Effectiveness Evaluation (Appendix I)
- Certification required beginning January 1, 2014
- Data collection program commenced July 1, 2019

Sup.R. 36.20(A)(1)



Appendix I, Standard 12: Effectiveness Evaluation

A specialized docket judge shall evaluate the effectiveness of the specialized docket by doing each of the following:

(A) Reporting data as required by the Supreme Court, including information to assess compliance with these standards;

(B) Engaging in on-going data collection in order to evaluate whether the specialized docket is meeting its goals and objectives.

Data Collection Program Purposes



- Inform policy Learn what works and what doesn't
- Support operations Monitor, evaluate, plan, budget
- Educate the public and justice partners Tell our story

Data Collection Program Implementation and Overview



- Monthly reports containing person-level data (identifiers not retained)
- All active participants as of July 1, 2019, and all referrals from July 1, 2019 forward (some provided more)
- Data validations applied during submission process

Data Elements

- Personal identifiers
- Referral
- Demographics
- Minor children
- Clinical assessment
- Risk assessment
- Substance of use

- Acceptance status
- OARRS flag
- Social functioning
- Treatment
- In-program recidivism
- Funding sources
- Participation outcome



Docket Types Reporting Courts as of November 11, 2020



Docket Type	Count	% of Total
Drug	112	46.1%
Mental Health	40	16.5%
Family Dependency	30	12.3%
Veterans	24	9.9%
Reentry	11	4.5%
OVI	7	2.9%
Domestic Violence	5	2.1%
Human Trafficking	5	2.1%
Juvenile Treatment	5	2.1%
Child Support	1	0.4%
SAMI	1	0.4%
Sex Offender	1	0.4%
Truancy	1	0.4%
Total	243	100.0%

243 dockets across 63 counties(72% of Ohio's 88 counties)

Active Participants by Docket Type As of November 11, 2020



Docket Type	Participants	s % of Total
Drug	3,213	58.8%
Mental Health	700	12.8%
Family Dependency	399	7.3%
Veterans	392	7.2%
Reentry	245	4.5%
Domestic Violence	149	2.7%
Human Trafficking	142	2.6%
OVI	85	1.6%
Child Support	44	0.8%
SAMI	33	0.6%
Truancy	32	0.6%
Juvenile Treatment	29	0.5%
Sex Offender	5	0.1%
Total	5,468	100.0%

Active Participants and Docket Sizes As of November 11, 2020



Number of Active	Number of		
Participants	Dockets	% of Total	
10 or Less	78	33.3%	
11 to 25	86	36.8%	
26 to 50	50	21.4%	
51 to 75	10	4.3%	
76 to 100	4	1.7%	
101 to 125	3	1.3%	Average (mean) docket size: 23 participants
126 to 150	0	0.0%	
151 to 175	2	0.9%	Median docket size: 15 participants
176 to 200	0	0.0%	
201 to 225	1	0.4%	
Total	234	100.0%	-

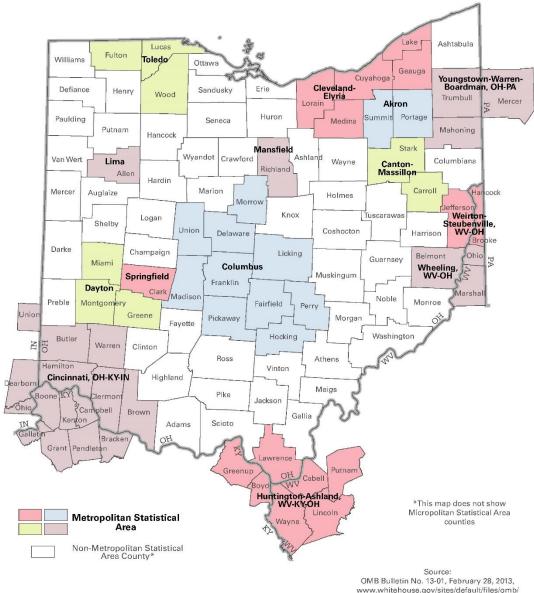
NCHS Urban-Rural County Classification





Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS) County Classification System

- Developed for studying health differences across the urban-rural continuum.
- Six levels describing extent of social and economic linkage based on U.S. Office of Management and Budget's delineation of metropolitan (MSA) and micropolitan (MISA) statistical areas.



bulletins/2013/b13-01.pdf

Prepared by: Ohio Development Services Agency, Office of Research (April 2013)

MSAs in Ohio



Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) - Geographical region with relatively high population density at its core and close economic ties throughout the area. (Map: A-N)

Micropolitan Statistical Area (MISA) - Labor markets centered on an urban cluster with a population between 10,000 and 50,000 persons.

NCHS Urban-Rural County Classification



- Large Central Metro Counties in MSAs of 1,000,000 or more that contain at least 250,000 inhabitants in any principal city of the MSA.
- Large Fringe Metro Counties in MSAs of 1,000,000 or more that did not qualify as Large Central Metro.
- Medium Metro Counties in MSAs of 250,000 to 999,999 populations.
- Small Metro Counties in MSAs of less than 250,000 population.
- Micropolitan Counties in MISAs.
- Noncore (Rural) All others.

Dockets Size by County Classification As of November 11, 2020





		Docket Size				
County Classification	Dockets	Minimum	Maximum	Mean	Median	
Large Central Metro	26	3	225	48	32	
Large Fringe Metro	54	2	70	18	12	
Medium Metro	62	2	165	26	16	
Small Metro	20	3	62	25	25	
Micropolitan	59	1	90	16	12	
Rural	13	2	37	14	9	
All Dockets	234	1	225	23	15	

Capacity Utilization

As of November 11, 2020

	Number of	% of Total	Cumulative
Capacity Utilization	Dockets	Dockets	%
None	9	3.7%	3.7%
1 to 10%	10	4.1%	7.8%
11 to 20%	18	7.4%	15.2%
21 to 30%	23	9.5%	24.7%
31 to 40%	35	14.4%	39.1%
41 to 50%	31	12.8%	51.9%
51 to 60%	24	9.9%	61.7%
61 to 70%	25	10.3%	72.0%
71 to 80%	29	11.9%	84.0%
81 to 90%	16	6.6%	90.5%
91 to 100%	11	4.5%	95.1%
101 to 110%	2	0.8%	95.9%
111 to 120%	4	1.6%	97.5%
121 to 130%	4	1.6%	99.2%
131 to 140%	1	0.4%	99.6%
141 to 150%	0	0.0%	99.6%
More than 150%	1	0.4%	100.0%
Total Dockets	243	100.0%	



52% of dockets are using no more than half of their estimated capacity (126 out of 243 dockets)

Active Participants and Age As of November 11, 2020

Age Group	Participants	% of Total
Under 18	206	3.8%
18 to 29	1,712	31.4%
30 to 39	2,149	39.4%
40 to 49	852	15.6%
50 to 59	387	7.1%
60 to 69	130	2.4%
70 to 79	14	0.3%
Total	5,450	100.0%
No data	18	

Docket Type	Average Age	
Child Support	36	
Domestic Violence	34	
Drug	33	
Family Dependency	33	
Human Trafficking	37	
Juvenile Treatment	17	
Mental Health	33	
OVI	40	
Reentry	33	
SAMI	36	
Sex Offender	17	
Truancy	17	
Veterans	46	
All Docket Types	34	



Active Participants, Race and Gender As of November 11, 2020



	Race						Gender	
	Asian /			Native				
	Pac.Isl.	Black		American	White			Non-
Docket Type	Alone	alone	Multi	alone	alone	Female	Male	Binary
Child Support	0.0%	9.3%	0.0%	0.0%	90.7%	47.7%	52.3%	0.0%
Domestic Violence	0.7%	46.9%	0.7%	0.0%	51.7%	15.4%	84.6%	0.0%
Drug	0.3%	9.8%	1.9%	0.2%	87.7%	47.4%	52.6%	0.03%
Family Dependency	0.0%	7.2%	2.3%	0.3%	90.2%	82.7%	17.3%	0.0%
Human Trafficking	0.0%	23.9%	3.5%	0.0%	72.5%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Juvenile Treatment	0.0%	20.7%	13.8%	0.0%	65.5%	10.3%	89.7%	0.0%
Mental Health	0.3%	31.1%	4.2%	0.1%	64.3%	40.5%	59.4%	0.14%
OVI	0.0%	14.1%	0.0%	0.0%	85.9%	22.4%	77.6%	0.0%
Reentry	0.0%	35.5%	0.8%	0.4%	63.3%	21.2%	78.8%	0.0%
SAMI	3.0%	12.1%	0.0%	0.0%	84.8%	33.3%	66.7%	0.0%
Sex Offender	0.0%	40.0%	0.0%	0.0%	60.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Truancy	0.0%	3.1%	0.0%	0.0%	96.9%	40.6%	59.4%	0.0%
Veterans	1.3%	30.3%	0.3%	0.0%	68.1%	5.1%	94.9%	0.0%
Total	0.4%	16.5%	2.1%	0.2%	80.9%	44.6%	55.3%	0.04%

Active Participants, Race and Gender As of November 11, 2020



	Race						Gender	
	Asian /			Native				
	Pac.Isl.	Black		American	White			Non-
Docket Type	Alone	alone	Multi	alone	alone	Female	Male	Binary
Child Support	0.0%	9.3%	0.0%	0.0%	90.7%	47.7%	52.3%	0.0%
Domestic Violence	0.7%	46.9%	0.7%	0.0%	51.7%	15.4%	84.6%	0.0%
Drug	0.3%	9.8%	1.9%	0.2%	87.7%	47.4%	52.6%	0.03%
Family Dependency	0.0%	7.2%	2.3%	0.3%	90.2%	82.7%	17.3%	0.0%
Human Trafficking	0.0%	23.9%	3.5%	0.0%	72.5%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Juvenile Treatment	0.0%	20.7%	13.8%	0.0%	65.5%	10.3%	89.7%	0.0%
Mental Health	0.3%	31.1%	4.2%	0.1%	64.3%	40.5%	59.4%	0.14%
OVI	0.0%	14.1%	0.0%	0.0%	85.9%	22.4%	77.6%	0.0%
Reentry	0.0%	35.5%	0.8%	0.4%	63.3%	21.2%	78.8%	0.0%
SAMI	3.0%	12.1%	0.0%	0.0%	84.8%	33.3%	66.7%	0.0%
Sex Offender	0.0%	40.0%	0.0%	0.0%	60.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Truancy	0.0%	3.1%	0.0%	0.0%	96.9%	40.6%	59.4%	0.0%
Veterans	1.3%	30.3%	0.3%	0.0%	68.1%	5.1%	94.9%	0.0%
Total	0.4%	16.5%	2.1%	0.2%	80.9%	44.6%	55.3%	0.04%

Active Participants and Primary Substance of Use As of November 11, 2020



Primary Substance	Participants	% of Total
Heroin	1,499	27.4%
Amphetamines	912	16.7%
Alcohol	782	14.3%
Cannabinoids	771	14.1%
Cocaine	506	9.3%
Prescription Opiates	337	6.2%
No Substance Use	323	5.9%
Fentanyl	211	3.9%
Benzodiazepines	37	0.7%
Oxycodone	29	0.5%
Methaqualone	17	0.3%
Buprenorphine	15	0.3%
Methadone	14	0.3%
Phencyclidine	13	0.2%
Barbiturates	1	0.02%
Carfentanil	1	0.02%
Total	5,468	100.0%

Active Participants and Primary Substance of Use, by Gender As of November 11, 2020



er 11, 2020			Absolute		
, 11, 2020			Difference		
Primary Substance	Female	Male	(Female/Male)	Non-Binary	Total
Barbiturates	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%	1
Carfentanil	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%	1
Phencyclidine	23.1%	76.9%	53.8%	0.0%	13
Alcohol	28.6%	71.3%	42.7%	0.1%	777
Cannabinoids	29.8%	70.2%	40.3%	0.0%	771
No Substance Use	34.7%	65.3%	30.7%	0.0%	323
Buprenorphine	60.0%	40.0%	20.0%	0.0%	15
Methadone	42.9%	57.1%	14.3%	0.0%	14
Oxycodone	55.2%	44.8%	10.3%	0.0%	29
Heroin	53.3%	46.6%	6.7%	0.1%	1,499
Amphetamines	53.2%	46.8%	6.4%	0.0%	910
Methaqualone	52.9%	47.1%	5.9%	0.0%	17
Fentanyl	52.1%	47.9%	4.3%	0.0%	211
Prescription Opiates	51.6%	48.4%	3.3%	0.0%	337
Cocaine	48.4%	51.6%	3.2%	0.0%	504
Benzodiazepines	48.6%	51.4%	2.7%	0.0%	37
Total	44.6%	55.3%	10.7%	0.0%	5,459

Active Participants and Primary Substance of Use, by Gender



As of November 11, 2020

DT IN	lovemp	er 11, 2020						
		,			Difference			
		Primary Substance	Female	Male	(Female/Male)	Non-Binary	Total	_
		Barbiturates	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%	1	_
		Carfentanil	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%	1	
		Phencyclidine	23.1%	76.9%	53.8%	0.0%	13	
		Alcohol	28.6%	71.3%	42.7%	0.1%	777	Male
		Cannabinoids	29.8%	70.2%	40.3%	0.0%	771	
		No Substance Use	34.7%	65.3%	30.7%	0.0%	323	
		Buprenorphine	60.0%	40.0%	20.0%	0.0%	15	
		Methadone	42.9%	57.1%	14.3%	0.0%	14	
		Oxycodone	55.2%	44.8%	10.3%	0.0%	29	
	Female	Heroin	53.3%	46.6%	6.7%	0.1%	1,499]
		Amphetamines	53.2%	46.8%	6.4%	0.0%	910	J
		Methaqualone	52.9%	47.1%	5.9%	0.0%	17	
		Fentanyl	52.1%	47.9%	4.3%	0.0%	211	
T	Female	Prescription Opiates	51.6%	48.4%	3.3%	0.0%	337]
- T.		Cocaine	48.4%	51.6%	3.2%	0.0%	504	
		Benzodiazepines	48.6%	51.4%	2.7%	0.0%	37	
		Total	44.6%	55.3%	10.7%	0.0%	5,459	

Active Participants and Primary Substance of Use, by County Classification



As of November 11, 2020

	Large	Large					
	Central	Fringe	Medium	Small	Micro-		
Primary Substance	Metro	Metro	Metro	Metro	politan	Rural	Statewide
Alcohol	17.3%	16.2%	14.3%	15.7%	9.5%	4.9%	14.3%
Amphetamines	4.9%	25.4%	17.9%	5.4%	24.3%	31.7%	16.7%
Barbiturates	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Benzodiazepines	0.5%	1.1%	1.1%	0.2%	0.2%	0.0%	0.7%
Buprenorphine	0.2%	0.0%	0.1%	0.6%	0.7%	0.0%	0.3%
Cannabinoids	9.6%	11.6%	19.8%	15.5%	11.6%	16.9%	14.1%
Carfentanil	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Cocaine	16.1%	5.9%	8.3%	10.4%	6.0%	2.7%	9.3%
Fentanyl	6.7%	1.4%	4.6%	0.8%	3.3%	1.6%	3.9%
Heroin	33.3%	25.3%	21.6%	28.1%	29.6%	36.6%	27.4%
Methadone	0.0%	0.4%	0.1%	1.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.3%
Methaqualone	0.0%	0.1%	0.4%	1.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.3%
No Substance Use	4.9%	5.6%	6.8%	9.6%	5.1%	1.1%	5.9%
Oxycodone	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	0.4%	1.3%	1.1%	0.5%
Phencyclidine	0.8%	0.1%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.2%
Prescription Opiates	5.4%	6.6%	4.6%	9.8%	8.1%	3.3%	6.2%
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Active Participants and Primary Substance of Use, by County Classification

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As of November 11, 2020

	Large	Large					
	Central	Fringe	Medium	Small	Micro-		
Primary Substance	Metro	Metro	Metro	Metro	politan	Rural	Statewide
Alcohol	17.3%	16.2%	14.3%	15.7%	9.5%	4.9%	14.3%
Amphetamines	4.9%	25.4%	17.9%	5.4%	24.3%	31.7%	16.7%
Barbiturates	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Benzodiazepines	0.5%	1.1%	1.1%	0.2%	0.2%	0.0%	0.7%
Buprenorphine	0.2%	0.0%	0.1%	0.6%	0.7%	0.0%	0.3%
Cannabinoids	9.6%	11.6%	19.8%	15.5%	11.6%	16.9%	14.1%
Carfentanil	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Cocaine	16.1%	5.9%	8.3%	10.4%	6.0%	2.7%	9.3%
Fentanyl	6.7%	1.4%	4.6%	0.8%	3.3%	1.6%	3.9%
Heroin	33.3%	25.3%	21.6%	28.1%	29.6%	36.6%	27.4%
Methadone	0.0%	0.4%	0.1%	1.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.3%
Methaqualone	0.0%	0.1%	0.4%	1.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.3%
No Substance Use	4.9%	5.6%	6.8%	9.6%	5.1%	1.1%	5.9%
Oxycodone	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	0.4%	1.3%	1.1%	0.5%
Phencyclidine	0.8%	0.1%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.2%
Prescription Opiates	5.4%	6.6%	4.6%	9.8%	8.1%	3.3%	6.2%
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Active Participants and Funding Sources As of November 11, 2020



Funding Source	Participants	% of Total	
Medicaid only	2,932	62.0%	
Multi	846	17.9%	
Other only	392	8.3%	
Private Insurance only	258	5.5%	
Self-Pay only	201	4.2%	
Medicare only	103	2.2%	I
Total	4,732	100.0%	
No data	736		

Impact of the Pandemic on Referrals Referrals Between July 1, 2019 and September 30, 2020



Month	Referrals																
Jul-19	622)														- 4 6	
Aug-19	771		1,000							Mo	nthl	y ref	ferra	ls do	วพท	51%	%
Sep-19	623	Average								si	nce	the	pano	dem	ic be	gan	
Oct-19	705	596 per	800														
Nov-19	429	month		\wedge													
Dec-19	505		600														
Jan-20	592																
Feb-20	519		400														
Mar-20	336	Ĵ	400								\mathbf{N}						
Apr-20	170		200														
May-20	227	Average	200														
Jun-20	346	293 per	-														
Jul-20	341	month		Þ	Š	0	z	D	Ļ	-	~	Þ	~	J	J	Þ	Š
Aug-20	302		Jul-19	Aug-19	Sep-19	Oct-19	Nov-19	Dec-19	Jan-20	Feb-20	Mar-20	Apr-20	May-20	Jun-20	Jul-20	Aug-20	Sep-20
Sep-20	329	J	Ψ	19	[9	6	19	19	Õ	00	20	0	20	ö	0	20	0

Impact of the Pandemic on Referrals

Drug Court Referrals Per 1,000 New Criminal Case Filings, July 1, 2019 through September 30, 2020

Average

9.6 per

month

Average

5.3 per month

	Ν	lew Filings		Referrals Per	
	Common	Muni/		-	1,000 New
Month	Pleas	County	Total	Referrals	Filings
Jul-19	6,181	34,862	41,043	368	9.0
Aug-19	6,213	30,978	37,191	417	11.2
Sep-19	5,767	29,829	35,596	349	9.8
Oct-19	6,299	28,344	34,643	398	11.5
Nov-19	5,356	23,540	28,896	225	7.8
Dec-19	5,512	25,509	31,021	246	7.9
Jan-20	5,552	26,081	31,633	315	10.0
Feb-20	5,409	23,250	28,659	268	9.4
Mar-20	4,821	21,318	26,139	188	7.2
Apr-20	1,908	16,112	18,020	65	3.6
May-20	2,719	21,531	24,250	110	4.5
Jun-20	4,893	25,030	29,923	184	6.1
Jul-20	4,787	24,937	29,724	160	5.4
Aug-20	5,194	25,991	31,185	155	5.0
Sep-20	4,902	25,069	29,971	157	5.2

Rate of monthly referrals down **45%** since the pandemic began

14.0 12.0 10.0 8.0 6.0 4.0 2.0 0.0 - Jul-19 Sep-19 Aug-19 Oct-19 Nov-19 Dec-19 May-20 Jun-20 Jul-20 Aug-20 Sep-20 Jan-20 Feb-20 Mar-20 Apr-20



Risk Assessment Tool Usage

All Participants Referred Between July 1, 2019 and September 30, 2020



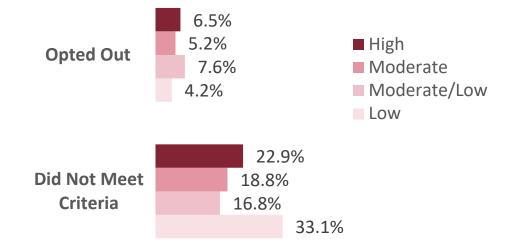
Risk Assessment Tool Usage	Participants	% of Total
Yes	2,962	72.8%
No	1,108	27.2%
Total	4,070	100.0%

Risk Assesment Tool Used	Participants	% of Total
ORAS	2,411	81.4%
Other	236	8.0%
OYAS	207	7.0%
ORAS-MAT	83	2.8%
LSI-R	19	0.6%
COMPAS	6	0.2%
Total	2,962	100.0%

Risk Assessment Results

All Referrals Since July 1, 2019 with Risk Assessment Result

	Accepted	Did Not		
	Into	Meet	Opted	Referrals
Referral Outcome	Docket	Criteria	Out	Assessed
High	70.6%	22.9%	6.5%	1,431
Moderate	76.0%	18.8%	5.2%	1,813
Moderate / Low	75.5%	16.8%	7.6%	327
Low	62.6%	33.1%	4.2%	519
Referrals Assessed	2,961	895	234	4,090



Acceptance Rates: 71% of referrals scoring High 63% of referrals scoring Low





Referral Outcomes by Docket Type Referrals Between July 1, 2019 and September 30, 2020



	Accepted	Did Not Meet			Admission
Docket Type	Into Docket	Criteria	Opted Out	Total	Rate
Sex Offender	1	-	-	1	100.0%
Truancy	2	-	-	2	100.0%
Juvenile Treatment	24	5	1	30	80.0%
Human Trafficking	66	6	14	86	76.7%
Drug	2,385	535	203	3,123	76.4%
Family Dependency	333	67	79	479	69.5%
Domestic Violence	173	46	38	257	67.3%
Veterans	232	107	29	368	63.0%
Mental Health	525	246	66	837	62.7%
Child Support	32	19	3	54	59.3%
OVI	49	22	20	91	53.8%
Reentry	224	272	19	515	43.5%
SAMI	25	38	7	70	35.7%
All Docket Types	4,071	1,363	479	5,913	68.8%
% of Total	68.8%	23.1%	8.1%	100.0%	

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Referral Outcomes by Race



Referrals Between July 1, 2019 and September 30, 2020

		Did Not			
	Accepted	Meet			Admission
Race	Into Docket	Criteria	Opted Out	Total	Rate
Multi	79	8	11	98	80.6%
Asian/Pac.Isl. Alone	12	3	-	15	80.0%
Native American alone	5	2	-	7	71.4%
White alone	3,291	1,021	372	4,684	70.3%
Black alone	650	298	88	1,036	62.7%
All Referrals	4,037	1,332	471	5,840	69.1%
% of Total	69.1%	22.8%	8.1%	100.0%	

Days Between Referral and Admission Determination



Completed Referrals Between July 1, 2019 and November 11, 2020

Days	Referrals	% of Total	Cumul. %
15 or Less	3,834	54.9%	54.9%
16 to 30	1,298	18.6%	73.5%
31 to 60	1,087	15.6%	89.1%
61 to 90	343	4.9%	94.0%
91 to 120	197	2.8%	96.8%
121 to 150	91	1.3%	98.2%
151 to 180	51	0.7%	98.9%
181 to 210	29	0.4%	99.3%
211 to 240	24	0.3%	99.6%
241 to 270	10	0.1%	99.8%
271 to 300	9	0.1%	99.9%
301 to 330	2	0.0%	99.9%
331 to 365	4	0.1%	100.0%
Total	6,979	100.0%	

Average (mean): 25 days Median: 13 days

In-Program Recidivism

All Exited Participants with New Criminal Charge During Participation, Full Data Set



County Classification	Rate	
Rural	21.9%	
Large Central Metro	17.7%	
Medium Metro	16.2%	
Micropolitan	15.3%	
Large Fringe Metro	12.5%	
Small Metro	11.7%	
All Participants	15.2%	

Age Group	Rate	
Under 18	33.6%	
No data	30.8%	
18 to 29	17.4%	
40 to 49	13.9%	
30 to 39	13.3%	
50 to 59	11.8%	
60 to 69	9.3%	
70 to 79	0.0%	
All Participants	15.2%	

In-Program Recidivism All Exited Participants with New Criminal Charge During Participation, Full Data Set



Primary Substance	Rate
Methadone	42.9%
Carfentanil	33.3%
Cannabinoids	22.9%
Fentanyl	19.4%
Cocaine	18.3%
Amphetamines	14.4%
Buprenorphine	14.3%
Alcohol	13.8%
Heroin	13.2%
No Substance Use	12.5%
Phencyclidine	12.5%
Prescription Opiates	9.1%
Oxycodone	5.6%
Benzodiazepines	4.5%
Methaqualone	0.0%
No Data	0.0%
All Participants	15.2%

Risk Score	Rate	
High	19.5%	
Moderate	15.3%	
No data	15.3%	
Low/Moderate	11.2%	
Low	7.5%	
All Participants	15.2%	

Race	Rate	
Black alone	21.5%	
White alone	14.2%	
Multi	12.4%	
Unknown	10.2%	
Asian/Pac.Isl. Alone	0.0%	
Native American alone	0.0%	
All Participants	15.2%	



			Overall
	Number of		Graduation
Docket Type	Dockets	Total Exits	Rate
Truancy	1	3	100.0%
OVI	6	84	77.4%
Veterans	18	234	72.2%
Domestic Violence	5	107	69.2%
Mental Health	34	480	62.1%
Drug	103	2,363	57.7%
Reentry	11	265	54.3%
Family Dependency	28	382	52.1%
SAMI	1	53	43.4%
Child Support	1	24	37.5%
Human Trafficking	4	117	35.9%
Juvenile Treatment	3	26	34.6%
All Dockets	215	4,138	58.0%

Overall, **58%** of participants graduated from their programs



Gender	Total Exits	Rate
Male	2,322	58.1%
Female	1,814	57.9%
Non-Binary	2	0.0%
Total	4,138	58.0%

Race	Total Exits	Rate
Asian/Pac.Isl. Alone	3	100.0%
Native American alone	3	66.7%
Unknown	40	62.5%
Black alone	639	59.9%
White alone	3,287	57.7%
Multi	83	54.2%
Total	4,138	58.0%

County Classification	Total Exits	Rate
Medium Metro	1,329	62.4%
Small Metro	444	61.3%
Large Central Metro	565	60.9%
Large Fringe Metro	774	57.6%
Micropolitan	889	50.7%
Rural	137	41.6%
Total	4,138	58.0%

Primary Substance	Total Exits	Rate
No Substance Use	288	72.2%
Buprenorphine	14	71.4%
Carfentanil	3	66.7%
Prescription Opiates	243	66.3%
Alcohol	631	66.1%
Phencyclidine	8	62.5%
Cannabinoids	669	59.5%
Benzodiazepines	22	59.1%
Methaqualone	7	57.1%
Oxycodone	18	55.6%
Cocaine	355	55.5%
Heroin	1,185	54.4%
No Data	6	50.0%
Amphetamines	620	48.7%
Fentanyl	62	35.5%
Methadone	7	28.6%
Total	4,138	58.0%



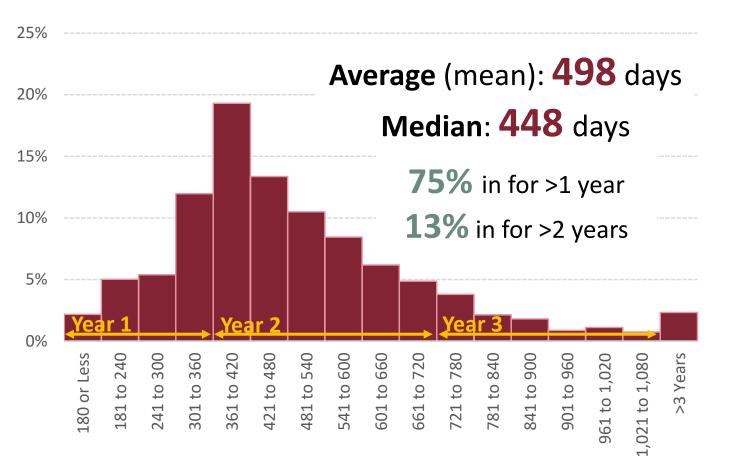


Age Group	Total Exits	Rate
70 to 79	13	100.0%
60 to 69	107	73.8%
50 to 59	306	65.7%
40 to 49	705	61.1%
30 to 39	1,506	57.1%
Under 18	140	56.4%
18 to 29	1,348	54.2%
No data	13	46.2%
Total	4,138	58.0%

Risk Score	Total Exits	Rate
Low	429	77.2%
Low/Moderate	294	68.0%
Moderate	1,568	60.9%
No data	825	52.8%
High	1,022	46.7%
Total	4,138	58.0%

Days Between Admission and Graduation All Successful Exits Between July 2, 2019 and November 11, 2020

Days	Referrals	% of Total	Cumul. %
180 or Less	47	2.2%	2.2%
181 to 240	108	5.0%	7.2%
241 to 300	116	5.4%	12.6%
301 to 360	258	12.0%	24.5%
361 to 420	416	19.3%	43.9%
421 to 480	288	13.4%	57.2%
481 to 540	226	10.5%	67.7%
541 to 600	182	8.4%	76.1%
601 to 660	133	6.2%	82.3%
661 to 720	105	4.9%	87.2%
721 to 780	82	3.8%	91.0%
781 to 840	46	2.1%	93.1%
841 to 900	39	1.8%	94.9%
901 to 960	19	0.9%	95.8%
961 to 1,020	24	1.1%	96.9%
1,021 to 1,080	16	0.7%	97.7%
>3 Years	50	2.3%	100.0%
Total	2,155	100.0%	



Days Between Admission and Graduation, by Docket Type All Successful Exits Between July 2, 2019 and November 11, 2020



Docket Type	Participants	Mean Days
SAMI	22	939
Human Trafficking	20	628
Veterans	154	564
Mental Health	264	516
Drug	1,235	512
Family Dependency	179	442
Child Support	9	423
OVI	63	412
Reentry	131	400
Juvenile Treatment	9	309
Domestic Violence	66	307
Truancy	3	190
All Participants	2,155	498

Days Between Admission and Graduation, by Primary Substance



All Successful Exits Between July 2, 2019 and November 11, 2020

Primary Substance	Participants	Mean Days	
Cocaine	163	561	
Heroin	582	550	
Prescription Opiates	150	550	
Oxycodone	8	521	
Amphetamines	283	500	
Fentanyl	19	497	
Benzodiazepines	12	491	
Alcohol	388	466	
Buprenorphine	7	449	
Cannabinoids	343	449	
No Substance Use	184	406	
Methaqualone	4	392	
Phencyclidine	5	385	
Carfentanil	2	340	
Methadone	2	275	
All Participants	2,152	498	

Future Updates



- Enhanced data validations
- OAARS flag (Ohio Board of Pharmacy)
- University of Cincinnati research project on data collection program
- Portal-based downloadable reports

Contact Information



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