### EFFECTIVE COMMUNICATION

Making the Most of Our Magic 3 Minutes & More

Judge Diane Bull

Faculty

Treatment Court Institute at All Rise

### Disclaimer

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### Our Challenge:

How do we make our interactions with participants worthwhile?

Something they would look forward to and not dread??

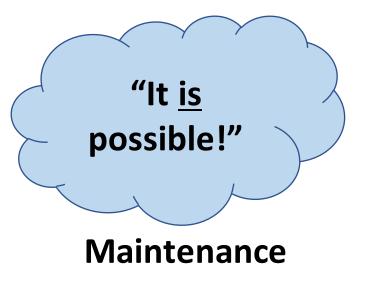
## Good Communication Skills Help ALL Team Members Promote Change

- This presentation will explore how good communication promotes engagement and increases motivation, specifically:
- ✓ It begins with building a relationship that supports recovery
- ✓ Techniques for Better Staff/Client Communication
- **✓** Best Communication Practices for Trauma and Cultural Competency
- ✓ Delivering Responses to Participant Behavior That Promote Engagement
- ✓ Judge/Participant Communication in Court

# OUR MISSION: Motivate Change. Why is Change So Hard?

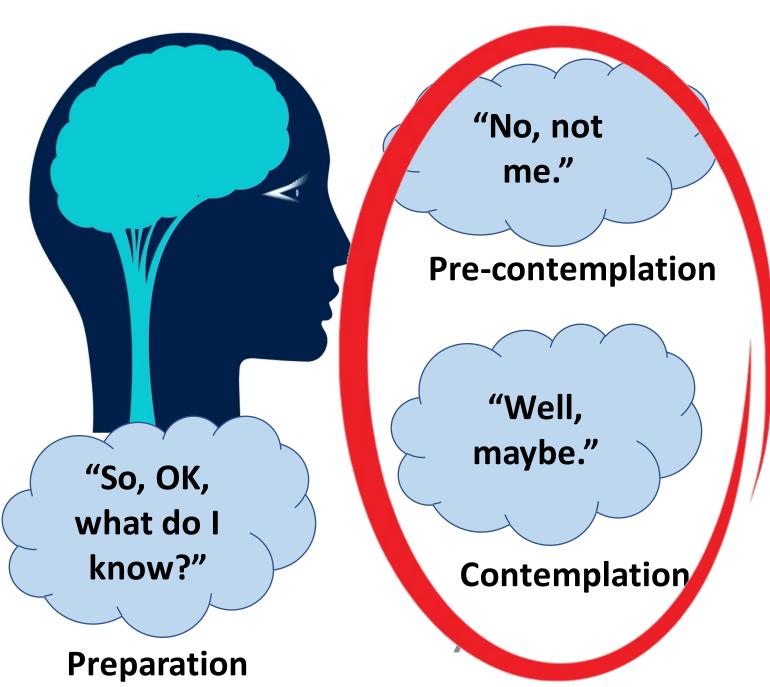
- It often requires a certain skillset, considerable time, self-control, tolerance for discomfort, and ongoing effort— and motivation.
- Setbacks are inevitable and discouraging.
- ➤ Humans are NOT hard-wired for change.





"OK, let's do this"

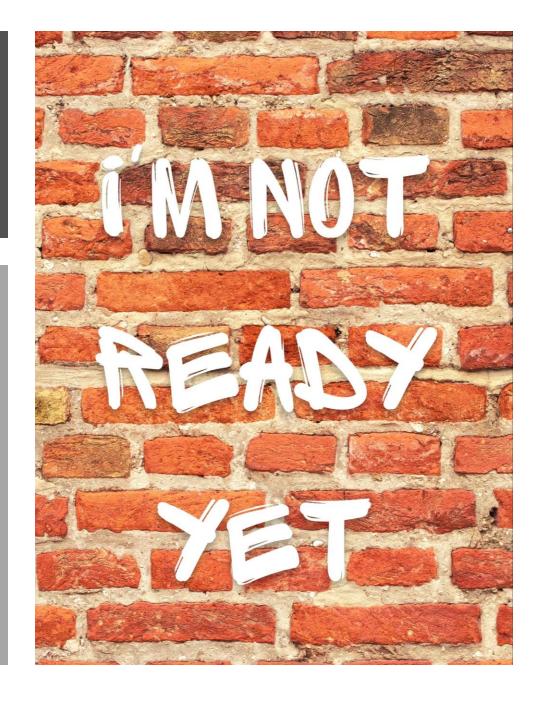
Action



## Common Initial Attitudes/Behaviors

- Denial, defiant
- Lying
- Suspicious
- Manipulative
- Antisocial
- Poor attitude
- Positive drug tests

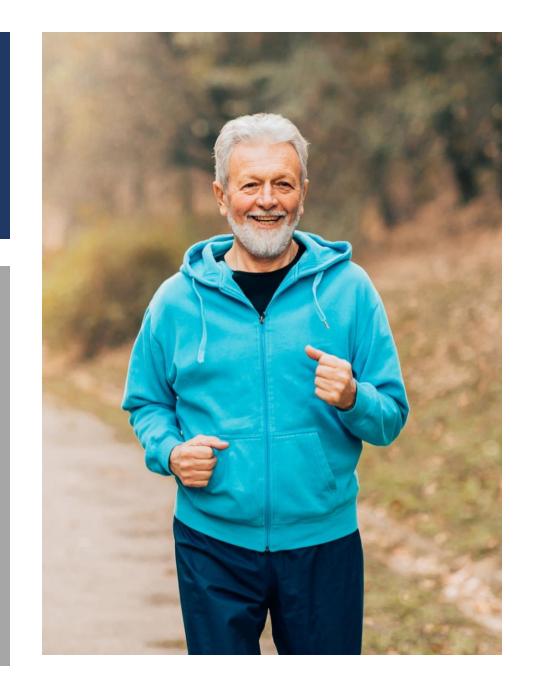
- Minimal effort
- Withdrawn
- Low selfesteem / no confidence
- Not motivated
- Easily overwhelmed



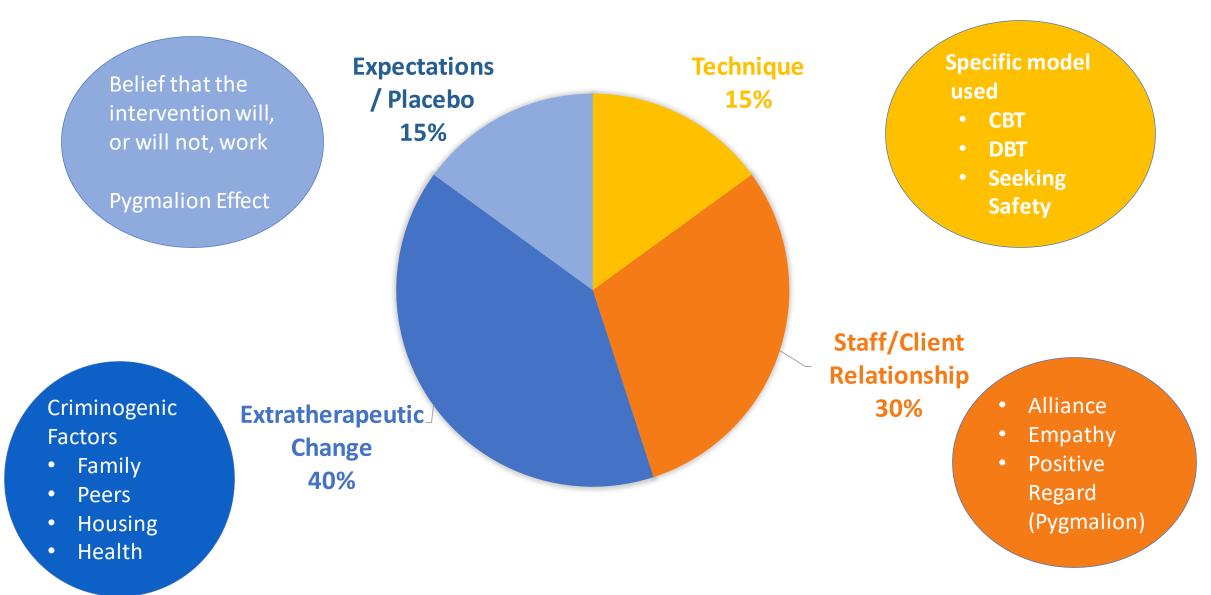
### **Our Goal** Attitudes/Behaviors

- Honest, open
- Prosocial
- Responsible
- **Changed to** positive people, · Capable places, things
- Motivated

- High selfesteem / confidence
- Healthy
- Support network



### What leads to behavior change?



## Who on the treatment court team can use a therapeutic alliance approach?

- Treatment provider
- Case Manager
- Supervision Officer
- Peer Mentor
- Program Coordinator
- Judge
- Defense Attorney
- Prosecutor
- Law Enforcement





## How We Create the Therapeutic Alliance

- For ALL team roles: Communicate we will be working together with participants helping them help themselves.
- Express empathy and a willingness to listen.
- Show we understand participants' experiences and perspectives.
- Help the participant address barriers & solve some urgent problems immediately.
- Forge a relationship based on trust.
   Instill hope.



# Communication Best Practices for ALL of Us, Especially Those Providing Direct Services

## Understand With Whom You Are Speaking



- SUD, MH & trauma impacts brains' ability to interpret, process, retain & communicate info.
- Providing praise and validation is important.
- What does, "You're doing great" mean? Be specific.
- Clients may not know what "normal" is.
- Chaos may be their "normal".
- They may not yet recognize or value prosocial behavior.

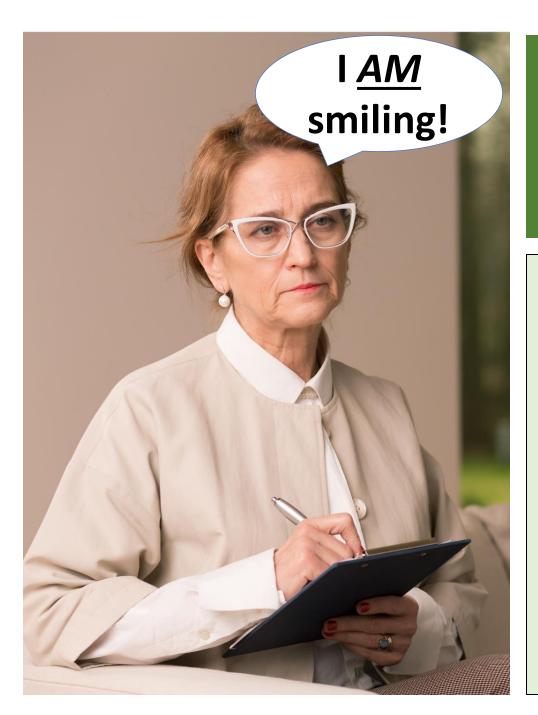
# How we demonstrate empathy, alliance & positive regard

### Studies show participants respond best to:

- Warmth
- Sincerity
- Empathy
- Respect
- Flexibility
- Enthusiasm

- Humor (not sarcasm!)
- Optimism
- Commitment to help
- Patience!





# It's Not Just WHAT We Say... Your Face, Attitude, and Body Language Matters

- Smile, lean in, make eye contact, be present (a big part of reflective listening)
- Watch for "leaking" body language. We communicate a lot subliminally
- People with trauma, mental health disorders may misread body language, facial expressions and social cues.
- Watch your own patterns of thinking including labelling.

# Our clients will lie, manipulate us, push our buttons and break our hearts. Repeatedly!



Try to find something positive:

- ☐ Something you like or respect about <u>every</u> participant. Write it down.
- ☐ Some little seed of potential that you, and they, can build on.

If you believe it, they will FEEL it.

Remember most have had their dreams crushed.





### Motivational Interviewing

- Motivated people are more likely to change. But motivation ebbs and flows!
- MI is a highly effective method of communication that addresses ambivalence about change.
- The team promotes engagement by avoiding the "Righting Reflex"-arguing and lecturing.
- Every parent knows that doesn't work!

### MI Techniques Work

#### Use MI techniques (OARS):

- > Open-ended questions. LISTEN.
- > Affirmations: Change talk happens HERE!
  - SEE and praise the positive steps
  - They may be baby steps and hard to spot.
- > Reflective listening shows you listened.
- >Summarizing shows you HEARD.
- We avoid argument, lectures. Roll with resistance.
- We remain solution-focused.
  - Help *clients see* when their attitudes hamper their goals.



### **Scaling Questions & Change**

- Explores both commitment and confidence.
- Prompt clients to explain why change is a good idea!
- Prompt client to see they have the skills to be successful
- A simple, effective communication technique:
  - 1. Pose the scaling question.
  - 2. Ask client why the number wasn't lower.
  - 3. (Optional) Summarize client's positive assertions, gently probe why the number wasn't higher.

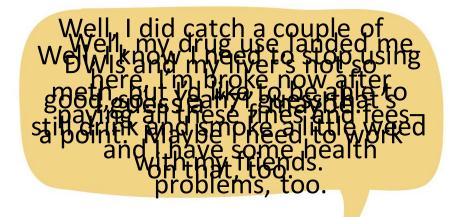




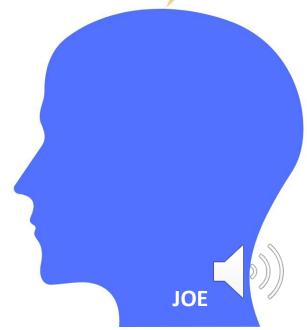
### Using Scaling Questions to Raise Commitment

Joe, Ph. 1, has a severe meth SUD, but also drinks heavily and occasionally uses marijuana- and you want to gauge his motivation. He's had multiple possession & DWI arrests and has cirrhosis of the liver.

Jail, financial burdens and health thrompones of wordens and health the just using in part of the first with the first of the some pretty is the first of the fir







### Using Scaling Questions: "Confidence"

Joe, you have come a long way in A 8 7 That's pretty high that's pretty high to to, which a 6 or a 7? Hot a 6 or a 7 or a 7

Well, now I regularly attend NA. I level leavented salod .ml/papon 120 kAtalso being a continue to person that he was to be a contrack if I stumble.





# Communication Barriers & Strategies





Some clients don't want to be touched. Ask treatment.

### **ASSUME TRAUMA**

- It's not just a "female problem."
- Many do not recognize trauma.
- Many won't talk about it.

#### > Best Practices:

- Screen for trauma (ongoing)
- Gender-specific treatment & dockets
- Put <u>everything</u> in writing— and explain. Repeat, repeat.
- Many are in survival mode.
- Create a safe space (OV, lab, court)

### TRAUMA: WHAT HELPS

### **>APPROACH**

- With caution, slowly
- Create a safe space
- Seat client "facing danger"

### **COMMUNICATE**

- What happens next
- Put rules in writing
- Calm, slow, clear. Repeat.
- Use MI techniques

#### **>AVOID**

- Blindsides
- Over-reacting
- Sarcasm, shaming
- Triggering words, behavior, touch?

#### **RESPOND**

- Patience
- Flexibility
- Positivity
- Gentle Humor



"Never forget how scary we are to them."

## Be Responsive to Differences



- Our participants are diverse!
  - ✓ Social, economic, education, gender
  - ✓ Racial, ethnic, religious,
  - √ Age (adolescent brains)
  - ✓ Physical, medical, mental health factors, too
- People from different backgrounds may have a different frame of reference, different norms and expectations
- They may misinterpret our words / intentions

### WHAT WE SEE



### **BEHAVIOR**

## WHAT WE DON'T SEE



**MODESTY** 

**HISTORY** 

**RELIGION** 

**GENDER ROLES** 

HUMOR

**RELIGION** 

**FAMILY VALUES** 

**TABOOS** 

**RULES OF CONDUCT** 

**INTERPRETATIONS** 

**CORE VALUES** 

**FORMATIVE VALUES** 

RELATION TO AUTHORITY

**PRIDE** 

**MANNERS** 

**COURTESY** 

**EDUCATION** 

**ECONOMICS** 

**THOUGHT PATTERNS** 

**BODY LANGUAGE** 

**EXPECTATIONS** 

**CONCEPT OF JUSTICE** 

### Perception of Fairness

- Behavior Modification Principle: Humans need and expect fairness
- Engagement and motivation increase when the process is perceived as fair.
  - If not, clients disengage.
- Young clients and those with MH issues require special attention
- Take the time to <u>listen</u>.
- We respond to identical behavior differently.
- Take the time to explain.





everyone getting the same thing.

# Fair Is

everyone getting what they need in order

Successful I

## Sanctions & Fairness: Do Due Process!

- It's the law!
- It's <u>fair</u>. Recall PERCEPTION of fairness is really **IMPORTANT!!**
- Advise participants of their rights
   & make a record.
- Put it in writing & give them a copy.



### **Sanction Admonishment & Acceptance Form**

I, Jimmy McNay	, a DWI Court participant in Phase <u>3</u> appeared before
Judge <u>Diane Bull</u> on <u>2/</u>	/21/23
attorney and to be heard by the judge, I violation(s) occurred:	and having an opportunity to consult with the team defense agree and/ or do not wish to contest that the following
_	Level: <u>3</u>
2. <u>Dishonesty</u>	•
3. — Alcohol and marijuana use	
☐ Judicial Admonishment / verbal reprimate ☐ Community service:24 hours at	erstand that I must receive the following sanction:  nd  County Park Clean-up beginning 2/22/23  7 days days beginning 2/22/23
■ House Arrest: days beginning _	
☐ Jail: hours / days (consecutive /	off-work hours / weekends), beginning
☐ Driving restriction: days beginn	ning
□ Other:	

I understand my sancti	on must be completed b	y this date:3/07/23	
In addition to the sanct	ion listed above, I under	stand that my treatment plan wil	l change as follows:
□ Reassessment ⅇ	Ms. Martin at 9:00 d	im on 2/24/23	
☐ Change in LOC, name	ely:		
□ Behavior chain: ഉം	Clarence today imn	rediately after court	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
■ Essay/Thinking Report	t/ Research:		
□Change in aftercare fre	equency:		
☐ Pharmacological inter	vention (MAT) meeting:		
☐ Other:			
I accept and agree to th	ne foregoing sanction an	d treatment response and hereb	y waive my right to
consult with an attorne	y further and any right I	may have to contest these matte	ers in an evidentiary
hearing.			
Defendant	Date	Team Attorney	Date
Judge	Date		



### Focus on Learning

- We're modeling respect, citizenship & creating opportunities for personal growth.
- To create a learning opportunity, we must always be quite specific:
  - WHAT we liked/disliked and WHY
  - HOW continuing/stopping that behavior affects THEIR goals
- Our focus on learning helps them see how positive changes help THEM.
- There are **intrinsic reasons** for engaging in positive behavior beyond avoiding sanctions.

### Our Behavioral Response Tools That Motivate Behavior Change – and Work!

#### **THERAPEUTIC**

addresses underlying causes, treat behavior due to disorders, teach new skills (HELP)



SUPERVISION Provides crucial information about behavior and progress, includes testing and case management, allows detection of behaviors (HELP)



INCENTIVES increase engagement, reinforce prosocial behavior and development of new skills



SANCTIONS stop undesired behavior

We use these tools in unison!

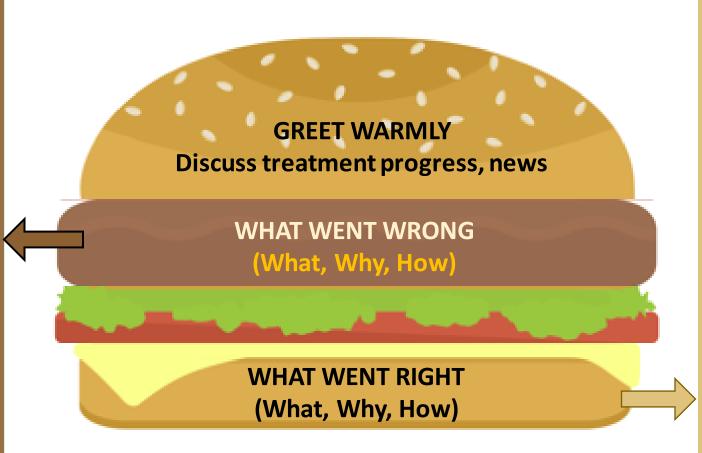
But, won't using incentives, sanctions & therapeutic adjustments together be confusing and dilute our message?



Use the Sandwich Technique to Create Learning & Avoid Confusion!

- 1. WHAT behavior we did not like
- 2. WHY we did not like it.
- 3. HOW continuing this behavior will cause problems

4. Response



- 1. WHAT behavior we liked
- 2. WHY we like it.
- 3. HOW continuing this behavior will help
- 4. Response

Note: Our <u>specific</u> response choices will depend on what the person is capable of right NOW and where they are in the program. (Proximal & Distal Behaviors)

# Where do therapeutic & supervision responses fit in the sandwich? Explain:

1. Increases in treatment and supervision are NOT sanctions!

2. They're HELP
& solely based
on clinical/
criminogenic
needs.

**GREET WARMLY** Discuss treatment progress, news WHAT WENT WRONG (What, Why, How) **TEACHING/ SUPERVISION RESPONSES** WHAT WENT RIGHT (What, Why, How)

- 1. Decreases in treatment and supervision are NOT incentives!
- 2. They're

  evidence

  you're getting
  better!

#### **Using the Tools**

- This week Jimmy missed a UA and lied, saying he was at the ER with his wife. He wasn't.
- He was ordered to test immediately. Subsequent test was positive for meth.
- But Jimmy went to Sober Bowling night, a community event suggested by his CM, and had a great time.
- Jimmy may receive both a sanction and incentive, as well as adjustments in treatment & supervision

How do we Sandwich this scenario?





#### **Step 1: Greet Jimmy**

GREET WARMLY
Discuss treatment

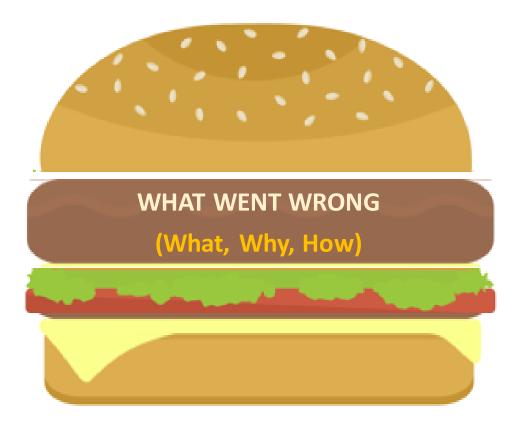
progress, news

WHAT WENT WRONG

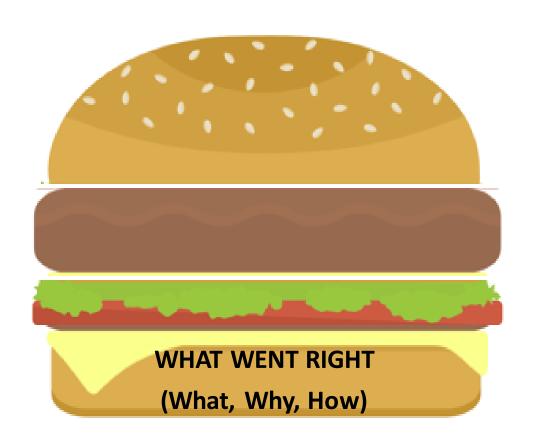
(What, Why, How)



### Step 2: What Went Wrong



### Step 3: What Went Right





#### **Ending on a Positive Note**

- ➤ We never miss an opportunity to reinforce positive behavior even if other things went wrong.
- There is always something. Even if things went badly off the rails, he is here and still willing to try.
- He is a good person who made a mistake.
- Remind him of his progress.
- Our focus: What do we want Jimmy to learn?



We avoid confusion by being SPECIFIC and helping clients see how change helps THEM achieve THEIR goals!

# Best Practices in the Court Review Hearing



### What Do We Want Court Review Experience to Be?

#### The opposite of their past experiences!

- A safe space where they can be truthful
- Where they will **learn** and be inspired
- Where the focus will be on what went right

#### And when things have gone wrong, a place:

- Where they know they will be heard and treated with respect
- Where consequences for poor decisions will be fair and appropriate
- Where they find understanding and support



#### It All Begins in Staffing

- Judges need a LOT of info to have meaningful conversations.
- WHAT behaviors are we responding to?
  - WHY did this happen?
- Don't forget incentives!
- Where is the client's head?
  - Proximal v. distal
  - Current stage of change
  - Why did the behavior occur?
  - SUD, MH barriers, trauma
- Treatment/ program progress
- Client news, big and small



# THE JUDGE AT THE COURT HEARING

- Presides over court proceedings
- The predominant voice
- The team assists, adds kudos as needed.
- The focus is on LEARNING
- Seeks a rapport with each client:
  - Spends 3-7 minutes with each
  - Asks about their recovery progress
  - Praises the good and <u>always</u> ends on a positive note & <u>instills hope</u>

03:00



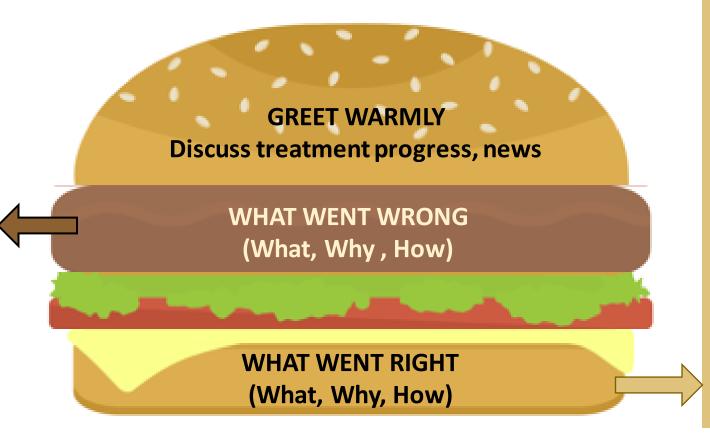
#### **3-7** Minutes, Not **30**

- The judge is providing a learning opportunity for ALL
- Don't lose your audience with lengthy discussions
- Talk about treatment, but don't "do therapy"! Don't retraumatize.
- Focus on modeling and reinforcing positive behavior
- Create learning (WHAT, WHY, & HOW)
- Build confidence & instilling hope.



## Judges Use the Sandwich Technique to Deliver Responses Avoid Confusion!

- 1. WHAT behavior we did not like
- 2. WHY we did not like it.
- 3. HOW continuing this behavior will cause problems



- 1. WHAT behavior we liked
- 2. WHY we like it.
- 3. HOW
  continuing
  this
  behavior
  help

### Trauma Competence: What Approaches Reduce Stress and Encourage Conversation?







#### Turn Your Courtroom Into a Classroom

**Best practice**: Mike judge, team and participants.

Organize your docket to maximize learning opportunities.

Incentives ("A" Team) go 1st

Why? We value and <u>model</u> prosocial behavior!

Learning happens when we focus on what TO do.

Within "A" Team: MVPs & late phase (5,4) goes 1st

"I did it. So can you."

#### Use Incentives That Provide Great Learning Platforms for ALL

- "A" Team
- Certificates
- Kudos cards, Decision
   Dollars and other tokens



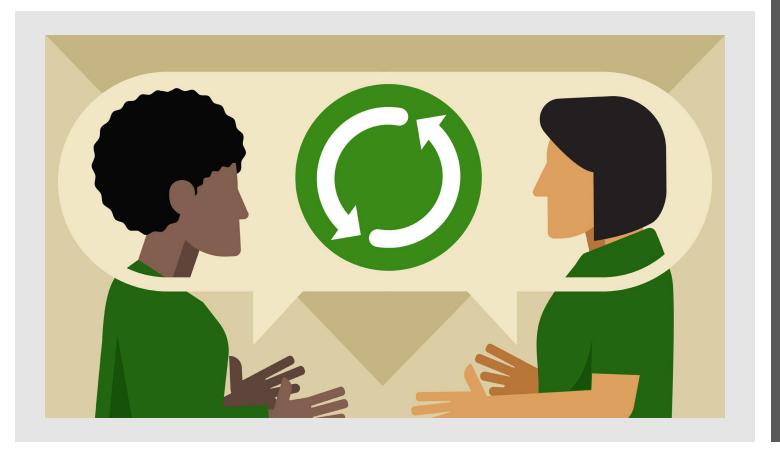


#### **Delivery: Creating Learning Opportunities**



- Alan is promoting to Ph. 2 today.
- He is on the Star Board ("A" Team) and is a "Rising Star" (MVP) because he is promoting.
- Alan has 21 days of abstinence (more than the 14 days required in Ph. 1.
- He has attended all of his treatment and has been very engaged.
- How can we use incentives & praise to create the learning opportunity?

# BEFORE WE DELIVER SANCTIONS IN COURT...



- First, listen to client's side of the story.
- ➤ No final decisions are made until this happens!
- Explain WHY the sanction was chosen and is FAIR.
- Client will often be distracted and upset.
- Treatment and defense attorney should be right there!! They are essential.
- Give client a written copy.
- Don't rush through it!

#### **Big Picture Stuff**

- Our goal is recovery—a LONG process.
- We build a real relationship of respect and trust. Communication is key!
- We're MH, trauma & culturally-competent.
- We <u>always</u> reward progress even if small.
- We deliver responses in positive ways that will motivate engagement and change.
- We are fair, patient, and instill hope.



"At the end of the day people won't remember what you said or did, they will remember how you made them feel."

- Maya Angelou



How can we help make the changes permanent, beyond treatment court?

#### Link to PDF & Handouts

https://ln5.sync.com/dl/646193600/hx6c7qxd-54jawcxg-8sat9ijv-uk73wczh

#### EFFECTIVE COMMUNICATION

Making the Most of Our Magic 3 Minutes & More

Hon. Diane Bull Hon.DianeBull@gmail.com



Allrise.org

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