



PARTICIPANT MATERIALS

Recognizing the Need for a Trauma-Informed Courtroom: What's a Judge to Do?

March 17, 2023

Hon. Peter Jones Dr. Vicky Kelly

Creating a Trauma-Informed Courtroom

Dr. Vicky Kelly, Board Chair, Child Welfare League of America The Honorable **Peter B. Jones**, Delaware Family Court

- DEFINE
- UNDERSTAND
- LEARN
- EMBRACE
- IMPLEMENT

Learning Objectives

Why does this topic even matter?

Imagine entering a courtroom or a foreign country for the first time...

- Would you understand the language?
- Would you understand the rules?
- Would you even be able to focus or would you be overwhelmed?
- Does that calculus change if you were incredibly stressed?

What is Trauma?

A threat or series of threats that overwhelms our nervous system, and impacts our mental, physical, social, emotional and spiritual well-being.

ACUTE | CHRONIC | COMPLEX | HISTORICAL | VICARIOUS

Types of ACEs



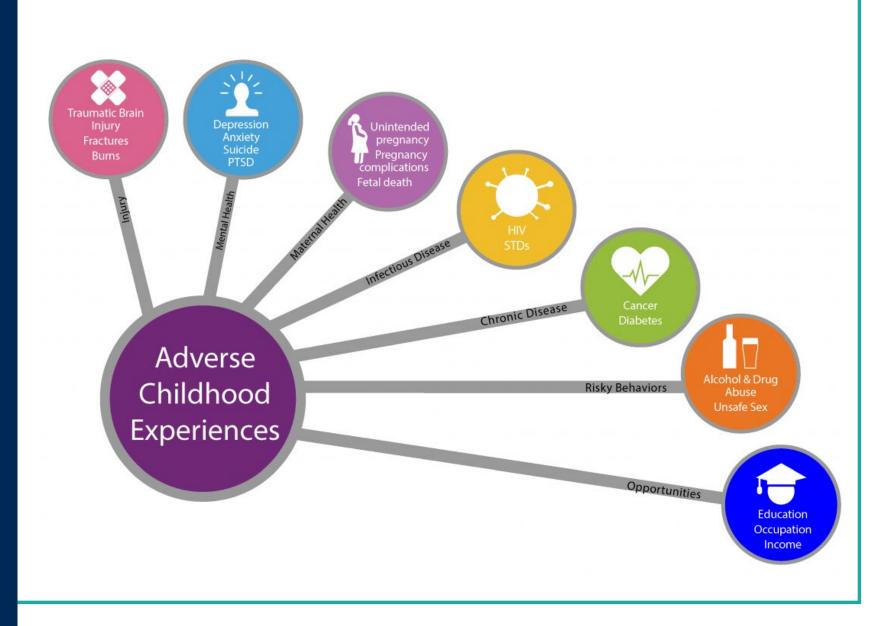
11% Emotional21% Sexual28% Physical



HOUSEHOLD CHALLENGES

27% Substance Abuse
23% Separation/Divorce
19% Mental Illness
13% Mother Treated Violently
5% Incarcerated Household Member

ACEs Impacts **ON THE INDIVIDUAL:** Brain development Impaired functioning **Risky behaviors**



- Witness Community
 Violence
- Discrimination
- Bullied
- Pandemic/ Disproportional impacts
- Trauma of Separation into Foster Care

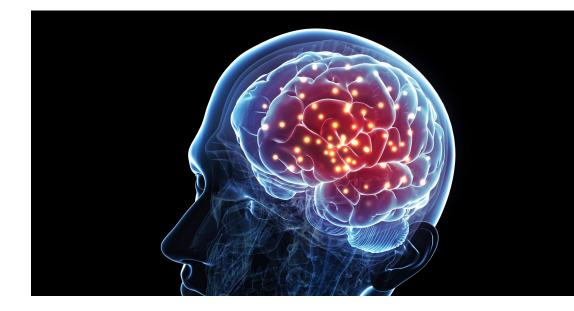
Holistic Approach to Adverse Events Makes a Difference:

- Recognizing Strengths
 - Providing Services
- Protecting the vulnerable
- Preventing cycle of ACEs

across generations

A very simple overview of brain science

- The **"THINKING BRAIN":** Rational part able to think, plan, weigh pros & cons, take the perspective of others, experience empathy and self identity.
- The **"EMOTIONAL BRAIN":** Emotionally reactive part, where the "alarm system" triggers fear/shame/anger and can quickly hijack the thinking brain.





Our brains are wired by experience

Trauma wires the brain for fight, flight & freeze



Courts are a kind of Emergency Room and Staff are First Responders

Trauma has always shown up as behavior

- Impatient, Demanding
- Confused, Needy, Failing to Follow Through
- Belligerent, Defiant, Aggressive









Without a trauma lens, how do we interpret those behaviors?

- Disrespectful parties
- Character defects/poorly socialized/entitled
- Mentally ill/ Addicts
- Hopeless situations



CHANGE YOUR LENS

What's WRONG with you?! What HAPPENED to you? WHAT'S <u>RIGHT</u> WITH YOU? HOW CAN I HELP YOU?





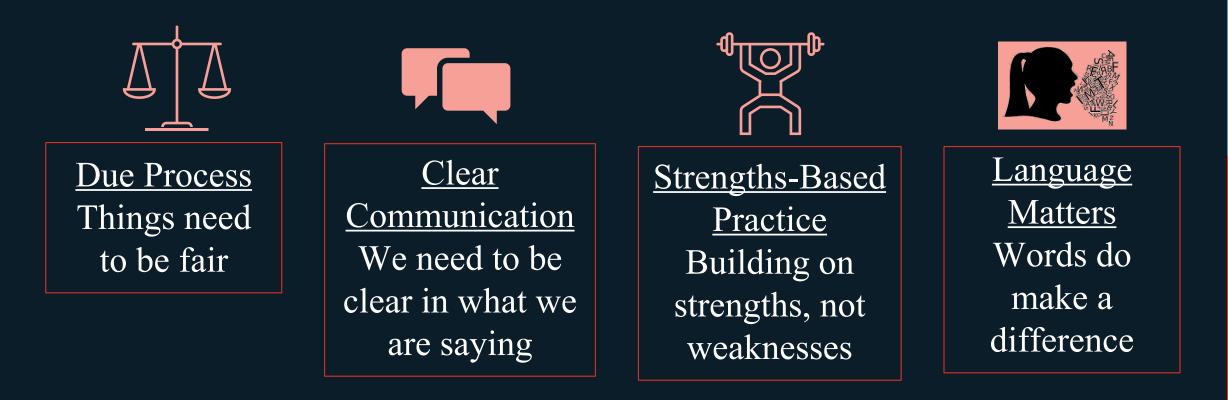
IN THE COURTROOM

What does it mean to be trauma-informed?

- Recognize the prevalence of adverse childhood experiences (ACEs) and/or trauma among all people
- Recognize that many behaviors and symptoms are the result of traumatic experiences
- Create a safe environment
- Use a strength-focused perspective to promote resilience.

See SAMHSA, *Trauma-Informed Care in Behavioral Health Services* (2015), https://smiadviser.org/knowledge_post/what-does-it-mean-to-be-trauma-informed

CORE PRINCIPLES



CHANGES IN THE SYSTEM: HANDLING CASES DIFFERENTLY THAN WE DID BEFORE

- Number of hearings
- Kids languishing in foster care
- Limited time for reunification
- Involvement of attorneys
- Foster parents in the courtroom
- Children in the courtroom







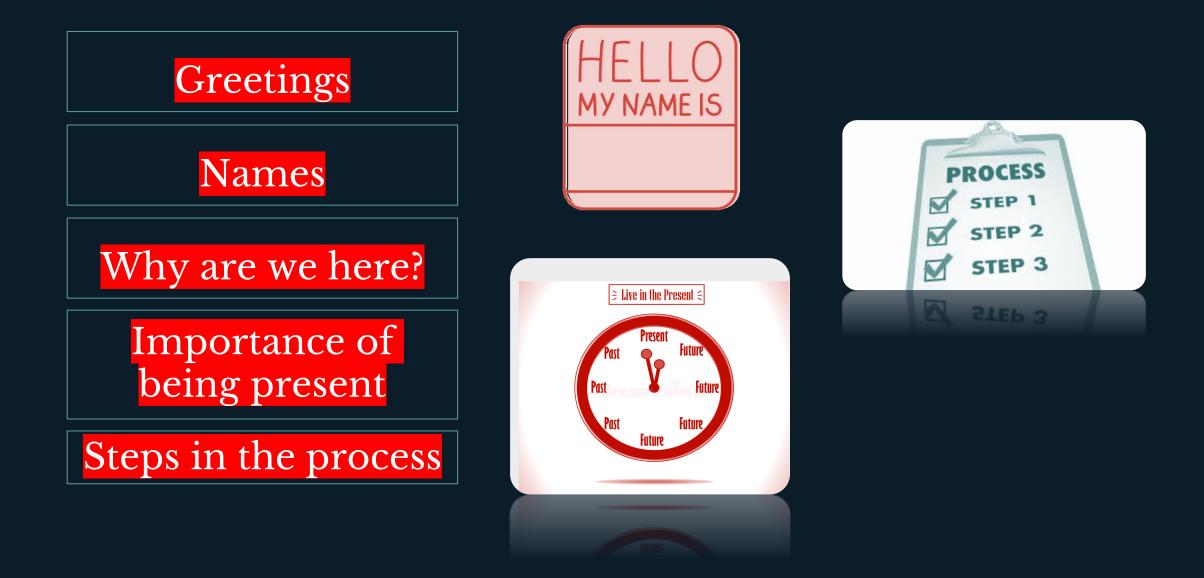


What is the role of the judge?

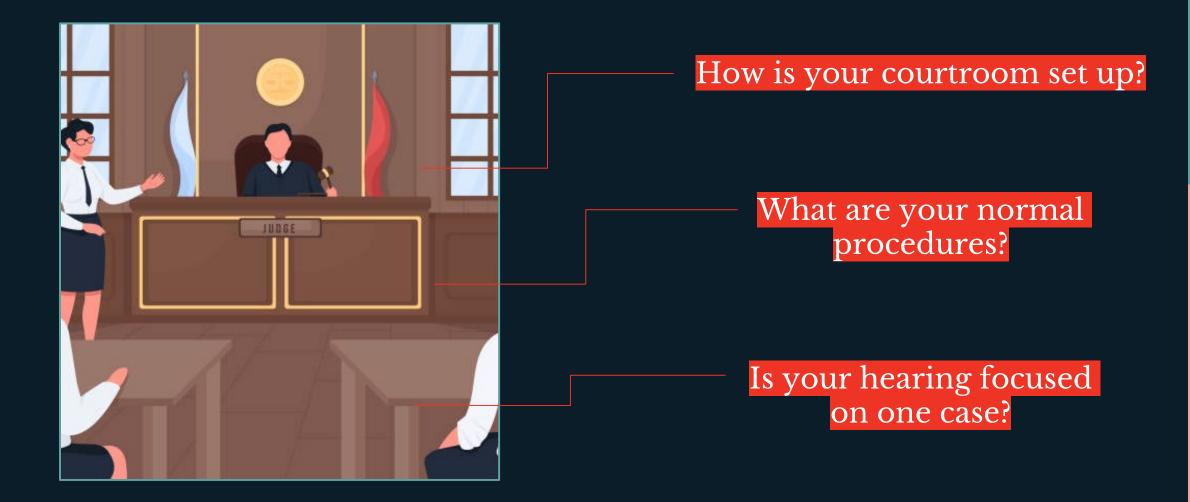
How do I run my courtroom?

How do I address litigants, attorneys and others?

STARTING THE HEARING



INSIDE THE COURTROOM





CONDUCTING A HEARING

Remote Participation?

Am I listening?

What do I want litigants to hear?

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-4EDhdAHrOg

STRENGTHS-BASED

What is it that we should be focusing on?



WHAT ABOUT EVERYONE ELSE?



Lawyers

CASA's/GAL's

Social Workers

ESPECIALLY FOR CHILDREN...IF THEY ARE PRESENT IN THE COURTROOM

- The focus should be on how to support the child.
- If a topic is sensitive, ask if the youth needs a break, wants to participate, or step out for a few minutes.
- Always ask the youth about talking to the judge in private (or outside of the presence of others) in child welfare cases.



ACRONYMS



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=igPlk79wAPg

LANGUAGE MATTERS

Instead of saying	Consider saying
Case	Child/parent/family
Home	Family
Hard-to-place child	Safe and nurturing families are hard to
	find
Up for adoption	Child is in need of an adoptive family
Place in a home	Joined a family
Aging out of the system	Being connected to a relationship that
	is safe, nurturing and enduring
Foster parent	Resource parent
Visitation	Family time
How many placements can the	How many children can the family
home take	care for
Screening out or weeding out	Selecting in
Children are removed or pulled	Children are separated
Visits	Family time
Testing dirty	Presence of substances

Use "when words" such as right now, currently, today vs. always or never

LANGUAGE MATTERS

Instead of saying	Consider saying
Delinquent	Young person
Truant	Missing school
Gang banger	Youth with some concerning
	connections
Mental health/competency	Referral to professionals who may be
evaluation	able to help us better understand how
	to support you
Defiant	Struggling to manage our expectations
Manipulative	Making survival choices/trying to
	figure out how to manage a situation
Illegal alien	Undocumented immigrant
Perp	Use the individual's name
Family dysfunction	Family challenges



Courtroom set up and safety, especially when children/youth are present



Waiting Areas



Scheduling sufficient time for hearings



QUESTIONS?

One thing you will try?

Next Steps