Ohio Statewide

Quarterly report of child welfare and court dependency docket data

Profile of Children in Care

Number of children in care at the end of the current quarter, and the median number of days in care over their current status and over the course of the entire time they've been in any form of court-involved protective status.

				Medi	Median Days in Care		
			Current				
Status	Children	% of Total	Legal Status	Entire Legal	Status		
COPS	6,619	28%	161	204			
TC	12,672	54%	173	285			
PC	3,503	15%	449	1,107			
PPLA	548	2%	437	986			
Total	23,342	100%					

New Report Rate

Percentage of children with a new substantiated or indicated report that was received within one year after the closure of a court case, averaged over the last four quarters.

2.4%

Exits from Care

Number of children exiting care over the last four quarters.

	Nι	ımber o				
	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2		% of
Exits	2019	2019	2020	2020	AVG	Total
Reunification	1,388	1,431	1,287	1,029	1,284	47%
Adoption	420	470	298	266	364	13%
Guardianship	158	131	152	91	133	5%
Relatives	746	728	727	477	670	25%
Emancipations	297	201	194	258	238	9%
Other	42	48	51	30	43	2%
Total	3,051	3,009	2,709	2,151	2,730	100%

Length of Stay Upon Exiting Care

Median number of days children were in care prior to exit over the last four quarters.

	Median Number of Days					
	Q3	Q3 Q4 Q1 Q2				
Exits	2019	2019	2020	2020	AVG	
Reunification	261	257	237	297	263	
Adoption	944	920	942	884	922	
Guardianship	282	221	303	332	284	
Relatives	270	241	282	226	255	
Emancipations	772	818	790	976	839	
Other	134	82	151	153	130	

Removal Reasons

Number of children removed from their homes over the last four quarters, and the reasons documented for those removals. Note that multiple removal reasons can be documented for a child. Accordingly, the total number of documented reasons (not shown) will be greater than the number of children removed.

Q2

AVG

2020

Q1

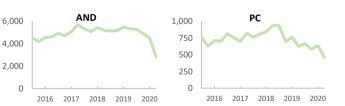
2020

					~	
Total Children Removed	3,462	3,147	3,154	2,142	2,976	
Children Removed (by categorial	AVG	% Children				
Parental Alcohol/Drug	1,046	978	994	719	934	31%
Delinquency/Unruly	236	199	224	103	191	6%
Dependency	1,347	1,286	1,265	808	1,177	40%
Neglect	1,234	1,192	1,163	740	1,082	36%
Physical Abuse	513	515	515	326	467	16%
Sexual Abuse	97	65	70	61	73	2%
Other	1,180	1,131	1,112	700	1,031	35%
Missing Data	2	2	0	0	1	0%

2019

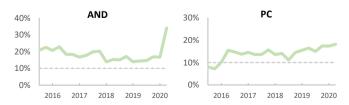
Incoming Caseloads

New filings and transfers and reactivations, by quarter



Overage Rates

Percent of cases pending over time quideline, by quarter (Target is <10%)



For more information, see Page 2 and go to www.sc.ohio.gov/pdqreport

2019

Quarterly report of child welfare and court dependency docket data

Ohio Statewide

PURPOSE OF THE REPORT AND DATA SOURCES

The data contained in this report, as well as in the individualized county-specific companion Permanency Docket Quarterly reports, is designed to provide a foundation for initiating conversations between the child welfare agency and the juvenile court in order to improve local practices and better understand those factors which contribute to county-level performance. Courts and child welfare agencies are encouraged to take advantage of the additional resources available on the Children and Families Section's webpage at: www.supremecourt.ohio.gov/ICS/CFC. Child welfare data was obtained from the Statewide Automated Child Welfare System (SACWIS) administered by the Ohio Department of Job and Family Services. Court caseload and performance data was obtained from the Case Management Section of the Supreme Court of Ohio. The data is considered accurate as of the date of the report.

UNDERSTANDING THE METRICS

PROFILE OF CHILDREN IN CARE: This table displays the number of children in an Abuse, Neglect, or Dependency (AND) dispositional status at the end of the current quarter under the following types of care: court ordered protective supervision (COPS, which includes COPS, TCOPS, and COPS Extension), temporary custody (TC, which includes TC, TCO, TC 1st Extension, TC 2nd Extension, Emergency Custody, and Ex Parte), permanent custody (PC, which includes Permanent Custody and Permanent Surrender), and planned permanent living arrangement (PPLA). Also shown is the median amount of time, in days, that these children have been in that status, as well as the median amount of time, in days, the children have been in any status since they initially became involved with the court (e.g., some children in PC spent time initially TC, thus the entire time spent in both is shown).

NEW REPORT RATE: The figure shown reflects the percentage of children who had a new substantiated or indicated (S/I) report within one year after having a court case closed. Please note that this measure differs from the federal Child and Family Services Review measure of recurrence because it is limited to children who had a new S/I report after the closure of the court case.

EXITS FROM CARE AND LENGTH OF STAY UPON EXITING CARE: Shown in this pair of tables are the number of children leaving foster care across the state by the type of placement upon discharge over each of the last four quarters. As used here, "Guardianship" includes non-relative legal custody. The relative proportion of total exits for each discharge type, averaged over the four quarters, is also displayed. The second table displays the median amount of time in days to the identified discharge type.

REMOVAL REASONS: Shown in the table are the total number of children removed from their homes each quarter, along with the number (and percentages) of those children who were documented as having been removed under the various removal reason categories shown. Because a child can have multiple reasons for their removal, the total number of documented reasons exceeds the total number of children removed.

INCOMING CASELOADS AND OVERAGE RATES: The first pair of charts display the number of incoming AND cases and Motions for Permanent Custody (PC) cases filed each quarter in Ohio's juvenile courts. The second pair of charts display the percentage of AND and PC cases pending at the end of each quarter which have been pending (in predispositional status) for longer than the applicable case processing time standard under Sup.R. 39 (three months for AND, and nine months for PC).