

## Agency and Available Data: BCI

Agency	What is collected	Collection Method	Public Dashboard or Reports?
<b>Ohio Attorney General's Bureau of Criminal Investigation (BCI)</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Computerized Criminal History Database <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Descriptions, fingerprints, other pertinent information about an offender convicted of committing a felony, any crime that is a misdemeanor on the first offense and felony on subsequent offenses</li> <li>○ Children under the age of eighteen who have been adjudicated for any offense that is considered a felony when committed by an adult, as well as those committing repeat offenses.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Orders for sealing of a criminal record</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Law enforcement agencies</li> <li>• Courts</li> <li>• Clerk of courts<sup>1</sup></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Computerized database</li> <li>• Not public</li> <li>• Select information available for analysis by qualifying agencies</li> </ul>

### Select Information Collected by BCI

- Fingerprints
- Incident Tracking Number
- Individual identifiers and demographics
  - Date of Birth
  - Sex
  - Race
- Arresting agency
- Style and number of case
- Original charge with corresponding Ohio Revised Code section
- Final disposition

- The sentence, disposition (juveniles), or terms of probation imposed
- Fingerprints
- Dates
  - Arrest, offense, summons, or arraignment
  - Disposition
- Not guilty by reason of insanity (NGRI) or mental incompetency findings
- Sealing orders

<sup>1</sup> For more information on BCI reporting see: <https://www.supremecourt.ohio.gov/docs/JCS/courtSvcs/NICS/resources/BCIToolkit.pdf>

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This explanatory document is designed to highlight the available data for analysis to inform policymakers pursuant to the Ohio Criminal Sentencing Commission's duty to study the comprehensive criminal sentencing structure in the state of Ohio. Among other duties, the Commission is to study the fiscal and other impact of the sentencing structure on the court system, as well as review bills introduced in the general assembly that provide for a new criminal offense or that change the penalty for an existing criminal offense. As such, this primer is designed to understand data available at the statewide level for analysis as well as gaps in the data that would be useful for the duties of informing the general assembly and other policymakers.