





Commission on Continuing Legal Education

2022 Annual Report

May 2023



Commission on Continuing Legal Education 2022 Annual Report

Sharon L. Kennedy

CHIEF JUSTICE

Patrick F. Fischer

R. Patrick DeWine

Michael P. Donnelly

Melody J. Stewart

Jennifer Brunner

Joseph T. Deters

JUSTICES

Stephanie E. Hess

INTERIM ADMINISTRATIVE DIRECTOR



Commission

The Commission is composed of 19 members appointed by the Supreme Court, including 12 attorneys licensed to practice law in Ohio, representing each appellate district; one dean or member of a law faculty engaged in full-time legal education in an Ohio law school; five judges; and one non-attorney. Commission members are appointed by Supreme Court justices to three-year terms and are limited to two consecutive terms. Commissioners serve as volunteers and are not compensated.

Chairperson

Kevin Williams was elected to serve as the Commission chairperson in 2022. He is serving his second term on the Commission. Williams is with the Law Office of William A. Morse in Worthington.

Vice-Chairperson

Robert Mann was elected to serve as vice-chairperson in 2022, and has served on the Commission since 2017. Mann is with the Columbus firm Mann & Carducci Co., LPA.

Director and Staff

Gina White Palmer, Director of the Attorney Services Division, serves as Secretary to the Commission. Pursuant to CLE Reg. 201, the action of the Secretary shall constitute the action of the Commission, unless and until the Commission determines otherwise. The Secretary takes initial action on all applications for accreditation, maintains CLE records of all attorneys, judges, and magistrates. Further, the Secretary has the authority to review and decide requests for exemption from the CLE requirements. The staff of the Office of Attorney Services consists of 10 full-time positions who assist the Commission in executing the administration of continuing legal education requirements.

CLE Commission Roster for 2022

Kevin Williams, Esq., Chair

Law Office of William A. Morse

10th District

Robert Mann, Esq., Vice-Chair

Mann & Carducci Co., LPA 5th District

Douglas Bloom, Esq.

Bloom Law Group, LLC 8th District

Hon. Laurel Beatty Blunt

Tenth District Court of Appeals *Judge*

Karen Bradley, Esq.

Bradley & Associates

2nd District

Julie Cohara

Director of Degree Programs
Ohio University
Non-Attorney Member

Hon. Marisa Cornachio

Willoughby Municipal Court *Judge*

Richard Dana, Jr., Esq.

11th District

Professor Terri Enns

The Ohio State University Moritz College of Law Law School Faculty

Barbara Howard, Esq.

Barbara J. Howard Co., LPA 1st District

John Huffman, Esq.

Huffman, Kelley & Brock, LLC 3rd District

Michael Kirby, Esq.

Kirby & Kirby Ltd. 6th District

Hon. Michael Krumholtz

 ${\it Montgomery County Common Pleas Court} \\ {\it Judge}$

Hon. Sherrie Mikhail Miday

Cuyahoga County Common Pleas Court *Judge*

Hon. Michael Oster, Jr.

Butler County Common Pleas Court *Judge*

Stephen Pronai, Esq.

 $12th\ District$

James Sillery, Esq.

Mollica Gall Sloan & Sillery Co., LPA 4th District

Patricia Wagner, Esq.

Youngstown State University 7th District

Karin Wiest, Esq.

Wayne County CASA/GAL Program
9th District

Office of Attorney Services Staff

Gina White Palmer, Esq.

Director, Attorney Services Division

Minerva Elizaga, Esq.

Assistant Director, Attorney Services (Resigned effective July 1, 2022)

Bradley Martinez, Esq.

Attorney Services Counsel (Jan. 1, 2022, through Aug. 14, 2022) Assistant Director, Attorney Services (Aug. 15, 2022, through present)

Alexis Preskar

Attorney Services Counsel

Tammy White

Attorney Services Manager

Shannon Scheid

Administrative Assistant

Denise Spencer

CLE Specialist

Tarik Jackson

CLE Specialist

Lori Gilbert

Attorney Services Specialist (Resigned effective June 30, 2022)

Penny Marchal

Attorney Services Specialist (Jan. 1, 2022, through Aug. 7, 2022) CLE Specialist (Aug. 8, 2022, through present)

Kirstyn Moyers

Attorney Services Specialist

Niko Jackson

Attorney Services Specialist (Resigned effective July 29, 2022)

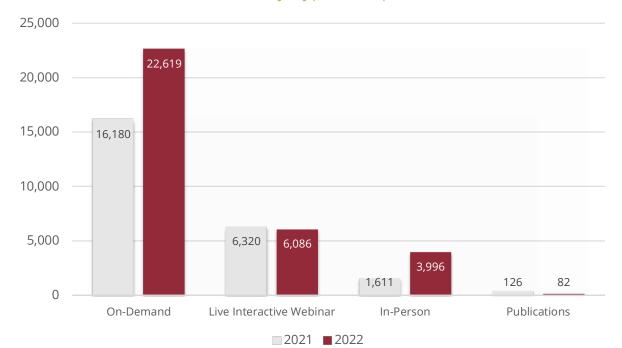
Joshua Martin

Attorney Services Specialist (Effective Sept. 12, 2022)

Jennifer Smith

Attorney Services Specialist (Effective Oct. 24, 2022)

CLE Activity Type Comparison



Introduction

In the calendar year 2022, the Commission met quarterly to review and act on matters brought before the Commission including proposed rule amendments, and the enforcement of compliance with the continuing legal education requirements.

Rule Amendments to Gov.Bar R. X and Gov.Jud. R. IV

During 2022, the Supreme Court adopted proposed amendments to Gov.Bar R. X and Gov.Jud. R. IV. The most significant amendments include:

- Effective Aug. 1, 2022, attorneys who serve as precinct election officials may receive up to four general hours of CLE credit for each election, with a maximum of 12 credit hours for service performed during a biennial compliance period.
- Effective Sept. 1, 2022, the rules governing the CLE requirements for acting judges and magistrates were relocated from the Rules for the Government of the Bar of Ohio to the Supreme Court Rules for the Government of the Judiciary of Ohio.
- Effective Jan. 1, 2023, the CLE self-study caps for attorneys were permanently removed from the rule. The amendment allows attorneys to fully comply with the 24-hour CLE requirements through approved self-study activities.

• Effective Jan. 1, 2023, the self-study caps for judges and magistrates were increased to 20 hours per biennial compliance period. Beginning with the 2023-2024 compliance period, the separate self-study cap for live webinars will be eliminated.

Applications for Accreditation for CLE Activities

Pursuant to Gov.Bar R. X (2)(B)(3), the Commission accredits continuing legal education programs and establishes procedures for accreditation.

In 2022, a total of 26,721 applications for accreditation for continuing legal education activities were received by the Commission, a 9% increase from the previous year. Of this total, 26,213 activities (98%) were granted CLE accreditation, 234 activities were canceled, or the applications were withdrawn, 120 applications were rejected for incomplete applications, and 154 applications were denied accreditation.

Pursuant to Reg. 201.3, an applicant may appeal the decision of the Secretary of the Commission to deny accreditation within 30 days of the decision. The Commission received five appeals of the Secretary's decision that the applications did not meet the requirements for accreditation pursuant to Gov.Bar R. X and the Regulations. The Commission denied all five appeals upholding the Secretary's decision to deny accreditation for those activities.

A review of the activity formats for 2022 indicates the vast majority of CLE were offered through self-study activities. The Commission received 22,619 applications for self-study activities. Of this total, 16,533 applications were for on-demand and live webcast activities, and 6,086 were live, interactive webinars.

The remaining 4,102 applications included 24 applications for pro bono CLE activities in which attorneys provided pro bono services and received one hour of CLE credit for every six hours of pro bono services provided in Ohio, 82 applications from attorneys applying for CLE credit for publishing a book or article related to the practice of law, and 3,996 traditional inperson CLE activities. The Commission has seen a shift in the delivery formats of CLE activities with the preferred format being offered by self-study, on-demand or live webinars.

Exemptions from CLE Requirements

Pursuant to Gov.Bar R. X (12), attorneys and judges may apply for an exemption if they are unable to comply with the CLE requirements due to illness or disability, special circumstances, full-time military duty, or upon a life-time appointment as a federal judge or magistrate.

In 2022, the Commission received 76 requests for exemptions from the CLE requirements. Of this total, the Commission granted 27 exemptions for illness and/or disability, 38 exemptions were granted to attorneys on full-time military duty, and seven exemptions were granted based on special circumstances. Four requests were withdrawn, rejected, or denied.

Late Compliance and Sanctions

Gov.Bar R. X (18)(A) provides that an attorney or judge who fails to timely comply with the applicable requirements of Gov.Bar R. X or Gov. Jud. R. IV, but does so within 90 days of the Dec. 31 deadline, shall be assessed a late fee in accordance with CLE Regulation 503.

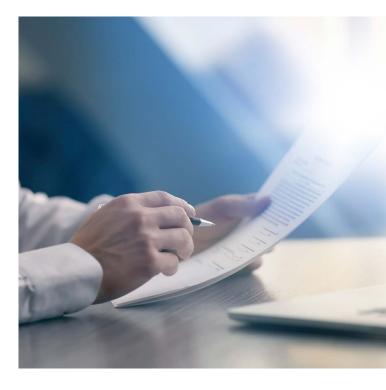
In 2022, a total of 22,851 attorneys and judges with the last names beginning with A-L were required to comply with CLE requirements for the 2020-2021 compliance period ending Dec. 31, 2021. More than 94% of the attorneys and judges (21,468) timely complied with CLE requirements for the compliance period.

On Feb. 10, 2022, the Commission issued Notices of Apparent Non-Compliance to 1,383 attorneys and judges who failed to comply with the CLE requirements for the compliance period ending Dec. 31, 2021. The notice instructed attorneys

and judges that the CLE deficiencies must be cured by the late compliance deadline, along with payment of the late compliance fee.

A total of 435 attorneys and judges (31%) provided evidence of timely completing the CLE requirements during the 2020-2021 compliance period, or changed their attorney registration status that removed the CLE requirements.

An additional 757 attorneys and judges (55%) submitted a request for late compliance providing evidence that the deficiencies were cured by the late compliance deadlines.



Of the attorneys who received a Notice of Apparent Noncompliance, 191 (14%) did not cure the CLE deficiencies by the late compliance deadlines and were subject to sanction and suspension from the practice of law.

On Oct. 31, 2022, the Commission imposed monetary sanctions against 191 attorneys for noncompliance with the continuing legal education requirements for the 2020-2021 compliance period. In addition to the monetary sanctions, the Commission suspended four attorneys from the practice of law for repeated noncompliance with the provisions of Gov. Bar R. X, and suspended two attorneys from the practice of law for failure to complete the new-lawyers-training requirement as required by Gov.Bar R. X (14)(A), and not filing evidence of compliance or coming into compliance as required by Gov.Bar R. X (18)(A).



Attorneys may earn up to four hours of CLE for working as a precinct election officer on Election Day, not to exceed 12 hours.

CLE Funds Collected

Pursuant to Reg. 901 Schedule of Fees for Sponsors and Attorneys, the Commission collects application fees for sponsors applying for CLE accreditation and late fees for the late submission of attorney credits. Sponsors are assessed a \$25 application fee for applying for accreditation for CLE activities and assessed a \$100 late fee for failure to submit the application timely. Attorneys are assessed a \$25 late fee for failure to timely report credits or applying for accreditation more than 60 days after attending an out-of-state CLE activity. Pursuant to Reg. 503, attorneys and judges may be subject to late compliance fees or monetary sanctions for failure to comply with the CLE requirements based upon the number of hours deficient, ranging from \$75 to \$300.

In 2022, the Commission collected a total of \$387,870 for sponsor and attorney fees:

Sponsor Fees	\$182,975
Sponsor Late Fees	\$50,850
Attorney Late Compliance and Sanction Fees	\$142,945
Attorney Late Application and Credit Fees	\$11,100

2022 At-a-Glance

• Effective Aug. 1, 2022, attorneys may earn up to four hours of CLE for working as a precinct election officer on Election Day, not to exceed 12 hours.

- Effective Sept.1, 2022, the rules governing CLE requirements for acting judges and magistrates were relocated from the Rules for the Government of the Bar of Ohio to the Supreme Court Rules for the Government of the Judiciary of Ohio.
- Effective Jan. 1, 2023, the self-study caps for attorneys were permanently removed from Gov.Bar R. X.
- Effective Jan. 1, 2023, the self-study caps for judges and magistrates were increased to 20 hours per biennial compliance period.
- On Oct. 31, 2022, monetary sanctions were imposed against 191 attorneys, including suspending 6 attorneys from the practice of law for failure to comply with the CLE requirements.
- The Commission collected a total of \$387,870 in sponsor applications fees and attorney late compliance fees and sanctions.

Conclusion

The Commission furthers the Supreme Court's responsibility of regulating the practice of law in Ohio by ensuring the bench and bar take the required CLE programs to remain educated and up to date on matters pertaining to the practice of law.

The Commission continues to conduct a review of the rules and regulations in order ensure its policies are fair, consistently applied, and as efficient as possible.



Published By

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