COURT OF APPEALS OF OHIO, EIGHTH DISTRICT

COUNTY OF CUYAHOGA

No. 86222

DEJAN PERFORMING ARTS : ORIGINAL ACTION

AND LEARNING CENTER

: JOURNAL ENTRY

Relator : AND : OPINION

VS.

:

MICHAEL P. DONNELLY, JUDGE

:

Respondent :

DATE OF JOURNALIZATION: AUGUST 30, 2005

CHARACTER OF PROCEEDINGS: WRIT OF MANDAMUS

JUDGMENT: Complaint Dismissed.

Motion No. 371700 Order No. 374739

APPEARANCES:

For Relator: ROBERT S. PASSOV

75 Public Square

Suite 914

Cleveland, Ohio 44113

For Respondent: WILLIAM D. MASON

Cuyahoga County Prosecutor BY: BARBARA R. MARBURGER Assistant County Prosecutor Justice Center - 9th Floor

1200 Ontario Street Cleveland, Ohio 44113

JUDGE CHRISTINE T. MCMONAGLE:

- {¶1} Relator, Dejan Performing Arts & Learning Center, Inc. ("Dejan"), avers that it is the owner of certain real property conveyed to Dejan by Harvest Missionary Baptist Church. A church member, Mitchell Jackson, commenced Jackson v. Caver, Cuyahoga County Court of Common Pleas Case No. CV-525146, which is assigned to respondent judge of the general division of the court of common pleas. Respondent's predecessor in office issued a temporary restraining order in Case No. CV-525146 preventing Dejan and related persons from "'interfering with the use of the church premises *** by any person who holds a membership number in Harvest Missionary Baptist Church, so long as those individuals have the approval of the receiver appointed by [the court of common pleas] ***.'"
- $\{\P2\}$ Dejan requests that this court compel respondent to set a surety bond to protect its interest if Dejan prevails in Case No. CV-525146.
- $\{\P 3\}$ Respondent has filed a motion to dismiss. Dejan has not responded to the motion to dismiss. Respondent argues that the complaint fails to state a claim upon which relief in mandamus can be granted. We agree. For the reasons stated below, we grant respondent's motion to dismiss.
- $\{\P4\}$ The fundamental criteria for issuing a writ of mandamus are well-established:

"In order to be entitled to a writ of mandamus, relator must show (1) that he has a clear legal right to the relief prayed for, (2) that respondents are under a clear legal duty to perform the acts, and (3) that relator has no plain and adequate remedy in the ordinary course of the law. State, ex rel. National City Bank v. Bd. of Education (1977), 52 Ohio St. 2d 81, 369 N.E.2d 1200."

- $\{\P5\}$ State ex rel. Harris v. Rhodes (1978), 54 Ohio St. 2d 41, 42, 374 N.E.2d 641. Of course, all three of these requirements must be met in order for mandamus to lie.
- {¶6} In Rome Rock Assn., Inc. v. Warsing (Mar. 1, 1991), Ashtabula App. No. 90-A-1565, the relator, Warsing, sought relief in mandamus because the court of common pleas had granted Rome Rock Association a preliminary injunction without the bond required by Civ.R. 65(C). The Court of Appeals for the Eleventh Appellate District held that Warsing did not have a clear legal right to relief. The Eleventh District also denied Warsing's request to amend the complaint to add the judge of the court of common pleas as a respondent, because the complaint failed to state a claim for which relief may be granted.
- {¶7} Similarly, in this action, we must conclude that the complaint in mandamus does not state a claim upon which relief can be granted. Respondent correctly observes that Civ.R. 65(C) provides a variety of options for providing surety. The docket in Case No. CV-525146 which is attached to the complaint states "Same bond to apply" in the entry granting the temporary restraining. In the complaint, Dejan notes that the only bond was

the bond for the receiver, which Dejan insists is a fiduciary bond.

Additionally, in the transcript of the parties' colloquy with the

court, the court states that the church is required to pay funds to

the receiver for the duration of the underlying proceedings.

 $\{\P8\}$ In light of Warsing, supra, any right which Dejan has to

have the court of common pleas order that a surety bond is less

than clear as is any duty which respondent may have order a surety

bond. Furthermore, Dejan has not attempted to rebut respondent's

arguments that Dejan has (or had) an adequate remedy in the

ordinary course of the law by way of appeal and that mandamus may

not be used as a substitute for appeal.

 $\{\P 9\}$ Accordingly, respondent's motion to dismiss is granted.

Relator to pay costs. The clerk is directed to serve upon the

parties notice of this judgment and its date of entry upon the

journal. Civ.R. 58(B).

Complaint dismissed.

CHRISTINE T. MCMONAGLE

JUDGE

FRANK D. CELEBREZZE, JR., P.J., CONCURS

MICHAEL J. CORRIGAN, J., CONCURS