COURT OF APPEALS STARK COUNTY, OHIO FIFTH APPELLATE DISTRICT

: JUDGES:
: Hon. Sheila G. Farmer, P. J.
: Hon. John W. Wise, J.
: Hon. John F. Boggins, J.
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: Case No. 2001CA00196
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:
: <u>OPINION</u>

CHARACTER OF PROCEEDING:	Criminal Appeal from the Court of Common Pleas, Case No. 2000CR01432
JUDGMENT:	Affirmed
DATE OF JUDGMENT ENTRY:	April 1, 2002
APPEARANCES:	
For Plaintiff-Appellee	For Defendant-Appellant
FREDERIC R. SCOTT ASSISTANT PROSECUTING ATTORNEY P. O. Box 20049 Canton, Ohio 44702	ANTHONY T. KAPLANIS 808 Courtyard Center 116 Cleveland Ave. NW Canton, Ohio 44702

Wise, J.

 $\{\P 1\}$ Appellant Darryl Sumes seeks to withdraw his guilty plea entered in the Stark County Court of Common Pleas on the basis that the trial court erred in accepting the plea. The following facts give rise to this appeal.

{¶2} On December 5, 2000, Canton Police Officers arrested appellant and charged him with passing bad checks and receiving stolen property. The Canton Municipal Court bound appellant over to the Stark County Grand Jury after conducting a preliminary hearing. On January 3, 2001, the grand jury indicted appellant with one count of forgery, one count of receiving stolen property and two counts of passing bad checks. Appellant initially entered a plea of not guilty to these charges.

{¶3} On February 20, 2001, appellant withdrew his plea of not guilty and entered a guilty plea to the charges contained in the indictment. Appellant is deaf, but an interpreter was present to assist him. At this hearing, the prosecutor indicated that appellant had spoken to his attorney and had executed a change of plea form. The trial court reviewed the counts contained in the indictment and listed the penalties that could be assessed for each count. The trial court also reviewed each constitutional right appellant would be waiving by entering a guilty plea. The trial court further discussed with appellant whether any promises or threats had been made to him and whether he was satisfied with defense counsel's representation.

 $\{\P4\}$ Thereafter, appellant entered a guilty plea and the trial court sentenced him to eighteen months of incarceration. On May 8, 2001, appellant filed a motion for judicial release. The trial court overruled appellant's motion on May 14, 2001. Appellant filed a *pro* se motion for delayed appeal on June 29, 2001. We granted appellant's motion on August 1, 2001. Before the record was transmitted and appellate counsel appointed, appellant filed a brief captioned "Supplementary Appeal Brief." Appointed appellate counsel also filed a brief on appellant's behalf.

{¶5**}** Appointed appellate counsel sets forth the following sole assignment of

error for our consideration:

{96} THE TRIAL COURT ERRED IN ACCEPTING APPELLANT'S GUILTY PLEA WITHOUT FIRST DETERMINING THAT APPELLANT UNDERSTOOD THE NATURE OF THE CHARGES TO WHICH HE WAS PLEADING GUILTY, THEREBY DENYING APPELLANT DUE PROCESS AS GUARANTEED BY THE FIFTH AND FOURTEENTH AMENDMENTS TO THE U.S. CONSTITUTION.

{¶7**}** Appellant's *pro* se brief contains the following assignments of error for

our consideration:

 $\{\P 8\}$ DEFENDANT STATES THAT HE WAS COERCED INTO PLEADING GUILTY TO THE CHARGES BY HIS COURT-APPOINTED ATTORNEY ON THE DAY OF TRIAL FROM HIS ORIGINAL PLEA OF NOT GUILTY.

{¶9} DEFENDANT STATES THAT HE DID NOT UNDERSTAND THE CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS THAT HE WAS WAVING (SIC), NOR WERE THEY EXPLAINED TO HIM BY HIS COURT-APPOINTED COUNSEL.

{¶10} THE COURT ERRED BY FAILING TO INQUIRE INTO WHETHER THE DEFENDANT WHO IS A (DEAF-MUTE) UNDERSTOOD THE CHARGES AGAINST HIM, AND AS TO HIM BEING ABLE TO GIVE A RATIONAL VOLUNTARY PLEA OF GUILTY REGARDING TO (SIC) ALL CHARGES WITHIN THE INDICTMENT.

{¶11**}** In all of the above assignments of error, appellant maintains the trial

court erred when it accepted his plea of guilty. We note that appellant makes this

argument for the first time on appeal. The record and transcript of the plea hearing

indicate that appellant never made any request in the trial court to withdraw his

guilty plea prior to or following sentencing as required by Crim.R. 32.1. Failure to

assert an alleged error in the trial court waives that error on appeal. *State v. Awan* (1986), 22 Ohio St.3d 120, 122. Accordingly, having failed to raise the issue of withdrawal of his guilty plea in the trial court, we will not address this matter on appeal.

{¶12} Additionally, appellant's appeal is not reviewable under R.C. 2953.08(D) as his plea was the result of a negotiated plea and was recommended jointly by defense counsel and the state.

 $\{\P13\}$ Appellate counsel's sole assignment of error and appellant's *pro se* assignments of error one through three are overruled.

 $\{\P 14\}$ For the foregoing reasons, the judgment of the Court of Common Pleas, Stark County, Ohio, is hereby affirmed.

By: Wise, J. Farmer, P. J., and Boggins, J., concur.