MCLAUGHLIN ET AL., APPELLANTS, V. LOWMAN, D.B.A. LOWMAN LUMBER, APPELLEE AND CROSS-APPELLANT.

[Cite as McLaughlin v. Lowman, 1997-Ohio-118.]

Torts—Unauthorized removal of timber from private property—Criminal conviction is not a prerequisite to the imposition of civil liability for treble damages under R.C. 901.51.

(No. 97-1239—Submitted October 7, 1997—Decided November 19, 1997.) APPEAL and CROSS-APPEAL from the Court of Appeals for Pike County, No. 96 CA 572.

Wilson Law Office and Charles H. Wilson, Jr., for appellants.

Phillips & Street and *David M. Phillips*; and *Randy D. Deering*, for appellee and cross-appellant.

- $\{\P 1\}$ The discretionary appeal is allowed.
- $\{\P\ 2\}$ The judgment of the court of appeals is reversed, and the cause is remanded to the trial court for further proceedings consistent with *Wooten v. Knisley* (1997), 79 Ohio St.3d 282, 680 N.E.2d 1245.
 - $\{\P 3\}$ The discretionary cross-appeal is denied.

MOYER, C.J., DOUGLAS, RESNICK, F.E. SWEENEY, PFEIFER, COOK and LUNDBERG STRATTON, JJ., concur.