



MANSFIELD, OHIO MUNICIPAL COURT

LOCAL RULES

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Mansfield Ohio Municipal Court
Local Rule 1
Location of Court and Jurisdiction

The Mansfield Municipal Court shall sit in the City of Mansfield. The jurisdiction shall be with Madison, Springfield, Sandusky, Franklin, Weller, Mifflin, Troy, Washington, Monroe, Perry Jefferson and Worthington Townships, and Sections 35, 36, 31 and 32 of Butler Township in Richland County, Ohio.



Mansfield Ohio Municipal Court
Local Rule 2
Terms of Court and Hours of Session

The Mansfield Municipal Court shall sit continuously and not be divided into terms. The Court shall be open Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. The Court shall be closed on and observe all City of Mansfield legal holidays or other designated days.



Mansfield Ohio Municipal Court
Local Rule 3
Duties of Counsel

A. DESIGNATION OF TRIAL COUNSEL

Attorneys and not parties will designate their capacity as trial counsel on all pleadings in civil and criminal cases and shall include their office address, zip code, telephone number and Supreme Court registration number. Normally, a law firm should not be named as trial attorney; however, substitution of counsel within the same law firm at hearings is authorized.

B. WITHDRAWAL OF COUNSEL

Counsel shall be allowed to withdraw from trial counsel responsibility in cases where counsel was designated with the consent of the Municipal Judge. No such application will be considered unless a written entry or motion is presented stating the reasons for the application, certificate of service on opposing counsel, and time and date of trial, if set. Withdrawal of counsel will not be approved if application is made within five (5) working days of the trial date except for good cause shown. Approved withdrawal entries will be mailed immediately by the withdrawing counsel to his client's last known address.

C. MOTIONS PRACTICE

All motions, except those normally made at the trial, shall be in writing, served on opposing counsel, and made within the time limits prescribed in the Ohio Rules of Civil and Criminal Procedure. Motions will be supported by memoranda of law containing applicable statutory and case law citations.

A date and time for oral hearing upon motions must be obtained from the Assignment Commissioner. Parties wishing to respond to such motions shall do so not later than the 14th day following service of the motion or three (3) days prior to the oral hearing date if an oral hearing has been requested. All motions not heard nor decided prior to trial will be disposed of at trial.

D. WAIVER OF JURY TRIAL

It is the responsibility of counsel demanding trial by jury in civil and criminal cases to notify the Assignment Commissioner at least five (5) working days prior to trial date if jury trial is to be waived or the case has been settled. Failure to abide by this rule will result in a refusal by the Court to honor requests on the day of trial for which a jury has been called, to waive the jury and proceed with trial by Judge alone, or shall result in the assessment of additional costs to pay for jury and the calling of the same.

E. ENTRIES

Shall conform to civil rules.

F. COURT REPORTERS

Until further order of this Court, the basic mode of recording and preserving all proceedings in the Mansfield Municipal Court shall be by audio electronic recording device, or video recording device. Any party desiring a certified court reporter, in lieu of a recording device, shall make such

a request at least fourteen (14) days prior to the trial. The cost of a court reporter shall be allocated by agreement of the parties, or absent agreement by order of the Municipal Judge.



Mansfield Ohio Municipal Court
Local Rule 4
Filing of Documents

A. FILING OF DOCUMENTS

The filing of a document with the Court may be accomplished by presenting the document to the Clerk of Court during the regular business hours of the Clerk's office, by fax filing as described in Rule 106 below, or by sending the document to: Clerk of Court, The Mansfield Municipal Court, 30 North Diamond Street, Mansfield, Ohio 44902. A document sent by mail or other delivery service will not be considered filed until it is received in the Clerk's office.

B. INFORMATION TO BE INCLUDED ON COURT FILINGS

On each document presented to the Clerk for filing, parties and attorneys should list their names, addresses, telephone numbers, fax numbers, and email addresses. Attorneys should also list their Ohio attorney registration numbers. In addition, the case name and case number should be listed on each document filed with the Clerk, as well as the title of the document (for example, Defendant's Motion to Continue, Plaintiff's Pretrial Statement, etc.). The original of every document filed with the Clerk should be signed by an attorney representing the party on whose behalf the document is filed. A party who is not represented by an attorney should sign any document being filed.

C. PERSONAL IDENTIFYING INFORMATION MAY BE REDACTED

To protect legitimate personal privacy interests, social security numbers and other personal identifying information should be redacted from documents before the documents are filed. The responsibility for redacting personal identifying information rests solely with the attorneys and parties who present the documents to the Clerk for filing. The Clerk will not review documents to confirm that personal identifying information has been redacted. If personal identifying information is redacted or omitted from a document, the information should be provided to the Court on a separate form that indicates what information has been redacted or omitted and provides the location of the redacted or omitted information. A suitable example of that type of form is included in the appendix to the Rules of Practice of the Supreme Court of Ohio.

D. MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS FOR COURT FILINGS

All documents presented to the Clerk for filing should be on paper that is 8.5 by 11 inches in size, and the text of all documents should be no smaller in size than 12-point type. The margin on the top of each page should be at least one inch so that the Clerk can punch holes in that margin without obscuring the document's text. Every multi-page document filed with the Clerk should be paginated and should be firmly stapled in the upper-left corner of the document. Also, sufficient blank space should be visible in the upper-right portion of the first page of each document so that the Clerk can date-stamp the document without obscuring the document's text. The Clerk may accept handwritten documents for filing, but the Clerk may reject any document that is not clearly legible.

E. COPIES OF MOTIONS AND OTHER FILINGS

Only the signed original of a motion (or other written filing) need be presented to the Clerk, unless the Court's cost schedule specifies that multiple copies are required. If the motion or other

document is to be filed in two or more case files, however, then the party presenting the document should provide sufficient copies with the original so that the Clerk can place a copy in each case file to which the motion or other document pertains. (That is, if a motion is to be filed in both a criminal case and a traffic case involving the same Defendant, the original and one copy of the motion should be filed with the Clerk). A party filing a motion to suppress in a criminal or traffic case should provide an extra copy of that motion to the Clerk, who in turn will give it to the assigned Judge or Magistrate. A party who wishes to receive a date-stamped copy of a document submitted to the Clerk for filing should provide the Clerk with an extra copy of the document, along with a sufficiently large envelope that is self-addressed and postage-paid.

F. FAX FILINGS

Pleadings and other papers may be filed with the Clerk by facsimile ("fax"). The number for the Clerk's fax machine is 419-755-9894. Faxed documents intended for filing must be faxed to the Clerk and not to the Judges' chambers.

A document filed by fax will be accepted as the effective original filing of the document. The person filing a document by fax should not mail or otherwise deliver the same document to the Clerk a second time, but that person should maintain in his or her records the original signed copy of the fax-filed document, as well as the fax cover sheet sent to the Clerk with the document.

Fax filings must be no longer than 10 pages in length, not including the cover sheet.

Subject to the provisions of these rules, all documents sent by fax and received by the Clerk will be considered filed with the Clerk as of the date the Clerk date-stamps the document, as opposed to the date and time of the fax transmission itself. Documents may be faxed to the Clerk at any time, however, including times when the Clerk's office is closed.

The risks of transmitting a document by fax to the Clerk must be borne entirely by the sending party. Anyone using fax filing is welcome to verify with the Clerk that the faxed document has in fact been received.

No fee is charged for fax filing itself, but any applicable Court costs associated with the proposed filing must be paid before the faxed document will be accepted by the Clerk and filed.

The cover sheet for a fax filing should list:

- (A) the name of our Court;
- (B) the title of the case;
- (C) the case number;
- (D) the name of the assigned Judge, if any;
- (E) the title of the document being filed;
- (F) the date of transmission;
- (G) the transmitting fax number;

- (H) an indication of the number of pages included in the transmission, including the cover sheet;
- (I) the name, address, telephone number, fax number, Supreme Court registration number (if any), and e-mail address of the person filing the faxed document;
- (J) if applicable, a statement explaining how costs are being submitted.

If a document is sent by fax to the Clerk without the cover page information listed above, the Clerk may properly treat the document as not having been filed. The Clerk may – but is not required – to notify the sender of a failed fax filing.

A party who wishes to file a signed document by fax must either (1) fax the signed document to the Clerk or (2) fax a copy of the document without the signature but with the notation “/s/” followed by the typewritten name of the signing person. A party who files a signed document by fax represents that the physically signed document is in his or her possession or control.

If an exhibit cannot be transmitted accurately by fax, the exhibit should be replaced by an insert page describing the exhibit and why it is missing. Unless the Court otherwise orders, the missing exhibit should be filed with the Clerk, as a separate document, within five Court days after the fax filing. The Court may strike any document or exhibit, or both, if missing exhibits are not filed as required by this paragraph.

Any exhibit filed in accordance with the paragraph just above should be accompanied by a cover sheet listing the name of the case, the case number, the assigned Judge’s name, and the title of the exhibit itself. The exhibit and the signed cover sheet should be served on all other parties.

G. MOTIONS SHOULD BE ACCOMPAINED WITH A JUDGMENT ENTRY

Any party filing a motion with the Court should present at the same time a proposed entry that the party wishes the assigned Judge or Magistrate to sign. (No proposed entry need be tendered with a motion to suppress in criminal and traffic cases).



Mansfield Ohio Municipal Court
Local Rule 5
Assignment of Cases

The Presiding Judge shall appoint an Assignment Commissioner of Mansfield Municipal Court. Cases shall be assigned for trial on the basis of the oldest case first, which criminal cases taking priority over civil cases. The Assignment Commissioner shall notify in writing the parties, or if represented by counsel, the counsel of all pretrial and trial dates. It is the responsibility of the party, or if represented, counsel, to secure the attendance of necessary witnesses by subpoena or otherwise.



Mansfield Ohio Municipal Court
Local Rule 6
Default Judgments

All motions for default judgment shall be made in writing and clearly state the date the complaint was filed, how service was made, proof of service, and answer date. All motions for default judgment shall also contain a list of all damages supported by documentary or other evidence. Motions for relief from judgment under this rule shall be made in accordance to Ohio Rule of Civil Procedure 60 (B).



Mansfield Ohio Municipal Court
Local Rule 7
Pretrial Conferences

A. CRIMINAL CASES

All criminal cases in which a not guilty plea has been entered, other than minor misdemeanor cases, will be scheduled for a pretrial conference. The presence of the Defendant, and if represented, his counsel, and the prosecuting attorney is required, unless excused prior to pretrial by the Judge. If the complaining witness is a member of a law enforcement agency, then a representative of that agency with full knowledge of the case may attend.

B. CIVIL CASES

A pretrial conference shall be held in all civil cases other than small claims and forcible entry and detainer actions. Upon notice of a scheduling of a pretrial conference, it shall be the duty of counsel to contact each other and make a sincere effort to dispose of the matter by settlement and to agree on any matters of evidence about which there is no genuine dispute.

It shall be the duty of counsel to do the following at the pretrial hearing, and failure to be prepared may result in dismissal of the case for want of prosecution or in a default judgment or other such action to enforce compliance as the Municipal Judge or Magistrate deems appropriate:

1. All parties and counsel must be present in pretrial unless such presence is excused by the Judge.
2. Each counsel shall present to the Court, in writing, a statement of the issues involved, of matters stipulated, and of all questions of law which are expected to be involved in the case.
3. Each counsel shall bring to the pretrial all available exhibits which are to be offered in evidence at the trial.
4. Each counsel, claiming same, shall present in writing to the Court an itemization of all special damages claimed.
5. Each counsel shall present to the Court, in writing, a statement indicating the names of all witnesses, both expert and non-expert, expected to be called at the trial; whether or not a view will be requested; whether or not a jury trial previously demanded will now be waived, and if not, the number of jurors demanded; and whether the case is one where the issue of liability should be tried separately with a subsequent trial on the issue of damages, if liability be found.
6. Each counsel shall come to pretrial fully prepared and authorized to negotiate towards settlement of the case.
7. The text of and citations of authority for instructions requested by counsel, if available.
8. Counsel's best estimate of the time required to try case. The written statement referred to in this rule shall be filed at or before the pretrial hearing.

The Court may, and on the request of either party, shall make a written order which recites the action taken at the conference. The Court shall enter the order and submit copies to the parties. The order, subject to Civil Rule 60 (A), shall control subsequent course of the action unless modified at the trial to prevent manifest injustice.



Mansfield Ohio Municipal Court
Local Rule 8
Case Management in Criminal Cases

A. PURPOSE

The purpose of this rule is to establish a system for criminal case management which will provide the fair and impartial administration of criminal cases. These rules shall be construed and applied to eliminate unnecessary delay and expense for all parties involved in the Court justice system.

B. SCHEDULE OF EVENTS

Scheduling begins after arraignment. Request for continuances shall be granted only upon a showing of good cause. All requests for continuances shall be in writing and served on opposing counsel, or if the opposing party is unrepresented, on the party. No requests for continuance will be considered if made less than five (5) working days before trial except for extreme cause. Continuances will be granted to a date certain.

1. Pretrials: The pretrial shall be conducted in accordance with Criminal Rule 17.1 and a memorandum of the matter agreed upon shall be filed in said case. Any attorney who fails to appear for pretrial without just cause being shown may be punished for contempt of Court.

If the parties cannot resolve the case, then the case shall be set for trial to the Court unless a jury is demanded.

2. Motions: All motions, except those normally made at trial, shall be in writing, served on opposing counsel, and made within time limits prescribed in the Ohio Rules of Criminal Procedure. Motions will be supported by memoranda of law containing applicable statutes and case law citations.

A date and time for oral hearing upon motions must be obtained from the Assignment Commissioner. Parties wishing to respond in writing to such motions shall do so no later than the 10th day following service of the motion or three (3) days prior to the oral hearing date.

All motions not heard nor decided prior to trial will be disposed of at trial.

3. Trials: Each case not resolved at pretrial shall be set for trial to the Court. If a jury demand is timely filed, then the case will be moved to the jury trial schedule. All attorneys shall notify the Court by 3:30 p.m. on the Friday preceding their trial of any change in plea or jury costs will be attached to their case.

Further, any plea bargain on jury cases will not be approved by the Court unless worked out by the Friday preceding the trial at 3:30 p.m.

4. Sentencing: Sentencing shall take place the day of trial unless counsel or Defendant has made prior arrangements with the Court to set the matter for sentencing at a later date. A sentencing hearing shall then be set within 14 days from trial. If a pre-sentence report is required, the Court will set the matter for sentencing within fourteen (14) days after receiving the probation report.

5. Diversion: Application for the diversion program shall be filed within fourteen (14) days of the first pretrial. Failure to timely file the application shall be cause to reject the Defendant from the diversion program. If timely filed, the Court's diversion officer shall schedule an appointment with the Defendant for an interview within seven (7) days of filing. Failure of the Defendant to make the scheduled appointment will be basis to reject the Defendant from the diversion program.
6. Continuances: Request for continuances shall be in writing, stating the reason with documentation of any alleged conflict and served upon opposing counsel, or if the opposing party is unrepresented, on the party. No request for continuance will be considered if made less than five (5) working days before trial except for extreme causes. Continuances will be granted to a date certain. All requests for continuances shall be signed by counsel and their client.

C. CHANGE OF PLEA BY AGREED JUDGMENT ENTRY

Change of Plea pursuant to an Agreed Judgment Entry on all Minor Misdemeanors will be fined the Maximum allowable fine, plus applicable court costs, unless otherwise approved by the Court. Fine and costs must be submitted in full with the Judgment Entry. All offenses involving changes of plea by Judgment Entry are subject to the approval of the Court prior to submission of the Judgment Entry.



Mansfield Ohio Municipal Court
Local Rule 9
Case Management in Civil Cases

A. PURPOSE

The purpose of this rule is to establish a system for civil case management which will achieve the prompt and fair disposal of civil cases.

B. SCHEDULE OF EVENTS

The scheduling of a case begins when a civil case is filed.

C. CLERICAL STEPS

1. Summons shall be served in accordance with the Ohio Rules of Civil Procedure. In the event there is a failure of service, the Clerk shall notify counsel immediately. If counsel fails to obtain service of summons within six (6) months from the date the cause of action has been filed, then the Clerk shall immediately dismiss the cause of action.
2. If no action has been taken on a file for a six (6) month's period and the case is not set for trial, then the Clerk shall notify the party that the matter will be dismissed within fifteen (15) days unless good cause is shown.
3. After any responsive pleading is filed, the Clerk shall immediately forward said pleading and file to the Judge so the matter may be set for a hearing.
4. When a file has been marked 'settlement entry to come' and the entry has not been received within twenty (20) days, then the Court shall notify the party that his case will be dismissed unless the entry is received within ten (10) days.

D. JUDICIAL STEPS

1. Status Hearing: After an answer is filed, the case will be assigned to a Judge and the Clerk will forward the file to said Judge. The Court may then set a status hearing which may be heard in Court or by phone. The purpose of the status hearing is to set discovery and motion deadlines so a formal pretrial can be set. Any attorney or party to the action who fails to attend a scheduled status hearing, without just cause being shown, may be punished for contempt of Court.
2. Motions: All motions must be in writing and accompanied by a written memorandum containing citations or the arguments of counsel. Opposing counsel shall answer in like manner no later than the fourteenth (14th) day following service of the motion or three (3) days prior to the oral hearing date if an oral hearing has been requested. There will be no oral hearings granted in said motions unless the parties request an oral hearing in writing and/or the Court deems it necessary.
3. Pretrials: For the purpose of this rule, "pretrial" shall mean a Court-supervised conference chiefly designed to produce an amicable settlement. The term "party" or "parties" used hereinafter shall mean the party or parties to the action, and/or, his, hers, or their attorney of record.

Any attorney or party to the action who fails to attend a scheduled pretrial conference, without just cause being shown, may be punished for contempt of Court.

Notice of pretrial conference shall be given to all counsel of record by mail and/or by telephone from the assignment commissioner not less than fourteen (14) days prior to the conference. Any application for continuance of the conference shall be addressed to the Judge to whom the case has been assigned.

Counsel attending the pretrial conference must have complete authority to stipulate on items of evidence and must have full settlement authority.

The primary purpose of the pretrial conference shall be to achieve an amicable settlement of the controversy in suit.

The Court shall attempt to narrow legal issues, to reach stipulations as to facts in controversy and, in general, to shorten the time and expense of trial. The Court shall, at that time, determine whether or not trial briefs should be submitted and shall fix a date when they are to be filed.

If the case cannot be settled at pretrial, then the case will be set for trial at a time agreeable to all parties.

4. Continuances: Request for continuances shall be granted only upon a showing of good cause. All requests for continuances shall be in writing stating the reason with documentation of any alleged conflict and served upon opposing counsel, or if the opposing party is unrepresented, on the party. No request for continuance will be considered if made less than five (5) working days before trial except for extreme cause. Continuances will be granted to a date certain. All requests for continuances shall be signed by counsel and their client.
5. Judgment Entries: Counsel for the party in whose favor an order or judgment is rendered shall prepare a journal entry. That entry shall be submitted to opposing counsel within ten (10) days of the decision. Opposing counsel shall approve or reject the entry within five (5) days. Within twenty (20) days of the decision, the journal entry shall be submitted to the Judge, or thereafter, the Court will prepare the journal entry.

Entries of settlement may be filed at any time. The voidance of trial by settlement shall be allowed without the filing of an entry, but such entry shall be filed within twenty (20) days or the case will be dismissed for want of prosecution.

6. Post Judgment Executions: All post judgment executions shall include a notice of execution which shall be completed by the executing party and filed with the Clerk of Court at the time of filing the execution. Blank copies of the notice of execution are on file in the Clerk of Courts Office and may be picked up there.

E. SCHEDULING OF EVENTS

Cases that have time limits established by the Ohio Revised Code shall be set within those time limits for hearing. (In all other special proceedings, the case shall be set for hearing within a reasonable time not to exceed ninety (90) days.) Hearing dates on executions will be obtained from the Clerk of Court at time of filing not exceed ten (10) days from the date of service.

F. CLERICAL STEPS

1. In all new cases, if counsel fails to obtain service of summons within six (6) months, the Clerk shall immediately dismiss the cause of action.
2. After any responsive pleading is filed, the Clerk shall immediately forward said pleading and file to the Judge or referee so the matter may be set for a hearing.
3. If no action has been taken on a file for a six (6) month period and the case is not set for trial, then the Clerk shall notify the party that the matter will be dismissed within fifteen (15) days unless good cause is shown.
4. When a file has been marked 'settlement to come' and the entry has not been received within twenty (20) days, then the Court shall notify the party that his case will be dismissed unless the entry is received with ten (10) days.

G. SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

When service has been made and no answer has been filed on the second cause of action in a forcible entry and detainer and the Plaintiff has failed to file a Motion for a Default Judgment within forty-five (45) days of the Defendant's last answer date, the Clerk shall immediately send a letter to the Plaintiff stating that they have seven (7) days to file the Motion. If the Motion is not filed within this time, the cause of action will be dismissed with prejudice.

H. REQUIREMENTS

This matter having come before the Court this 23rd day of July, 2010, due to the excessive caseload in civil matters, the Court hereby adopts the following rules as amended:

1. All pretrials, status conferences and mediations must be attended by all parties. The failure of a party to attend will result in the dismissal of an action by the Plaintiff, or the striking of an answer by the Defendant, which will result in a default judgment for the Plaintiff. Continuances will be granted only for cause, and must be filed at least fourteen (14) days prior to hearing. Any continuance filed after the fourteen (14) day deadline will only be granted for good cause at the discretion of the Court.
2. All parties must attend all scheduled trial dates. No continuance will be granted except for cause, and must be filed no later than fourteen (14) days prior, or at the earliest possible time that parties are aware of a conflict. All continuances must be supported by the proper documentation. Failure to adhere to the Court's rules will result in a verdict against the party failing to comply.
3. All status conferences and pretrials must be conducted in person, unless a motion to conduct said hearing by phone is filed at least fourteen (14) days in advance.
4. All garnishment hearings and actions to revive a dormant judgment will require the appearance of the moving party. The appearance may be in person; however, the Court will accept an appearance by affidavit in lieu of personal appearance. Said affidavit shall contain all pertinent information, i.e., date of judgment, amount awarded and amount still owing.

5. All damages hearings will require the presence of the party seeking an award of monies. The failure to have a party present will result in the dismissal of the action.
6. Any civil matters where credit card companies are seeking damages for non-payment, the following requirements for the matter to go forward are such:

At trial, Plaintiff must produce monthly account statements to establish the balance prayed for in the complaint, starting from a zero balance or four years of statements, whichever is less. The statements must show the interest rate(s) charged by Plaintiff. Plaintiff must also produce a legible copy of the cardholder's agreement which was in existence when the Defendant last used the account. Plaintiff's evidence must be admissible under the rules of evidence. The Court will not require said documents to be attached to complaint at the time of filing. The Court is amending its previous order where it was required.

In the event Defendant was charged interest in excess of 25% per year before the account was charged-off, Plaintiff must calculate the balance owed on the account, excluding usurious interest. For those months that Defendant was charged more than 25% per year, the Plaintiff must recalculate the balance due assuming interest at the statutory rate, i.e., 10% through June 2, 2004, 4% from June 3, 2004 through December 31, 2004, 5% for 2005, 6% for 2006, 8% for 2007, 8% for 2008, 5% for 2009, and 4% for 2010.

In the event the account is no longer held by the original issuer, Plaintiff must show documentary proof of the assignment of the account to demonstrate its legal status to pursue its claim against the Defendant.

If the Plaintiff fails to present admissible evidence of the account as set forth above, the Court may enter judgment in favor of Defendant because Plaintiff cannot meet its burden of proof.



Mansfield Ohio Municipal Court
Local Rule 10
Forcible Entry and Detainer

A. HEARING

All forcible entry and detainer cases shall be set for hearing before the referee, pursuant to the time limits set forth in the Ohio Revised Code. (At that hearing, the Ohio Rules of Evidence and the applicable Ohio Rules of Civil Procedure will be applied.) The referee shall, at the conclusion of the hearing, file his recommendation within twenty-four (24) hours of the hearing. A Writ of Restitution may be requested immediately following the hearing and no later than thirty (30) days after the hearing. Set out date to be determined by the bailiff no sooner than three (3) days from date of issue.

B. JUDGMENT ENTRIES

The Court shall review the findings of the referee weekly and enter the appropriate judgment entry.

If a jury demand is filed in a forcible entry and detainer case within the applicable time limits, then the Clerk shall forward the case to a Judge so the case can be scheduled for the appropriate hearing.

If an answer is filed on the second cause of action in a forcible entry and detainer case, then the Clerk shall forward the case to a Judge so the case can be scheduled for the appropriate hearing.



Mansfield Ohio Municipal Court
Local Rule 11
Small Claims

A. HOURS OF OPERATION

The hours of operation of the Small Claims Division shall be from 8:00 A.M. to 4:00 P.M., Monday through Friday. Legal Holidays will be observed and the Court shall be closed in accordance with the orders of the Presiding Judge.

B. FORMS

All complaints must be submitted on the forms approved by the Administrator of the Court. Proper verification of the complaint and accurate information relative to the address of the Defendant(s) is the responsibility of the Plaintiff.

C. SERVICE OF COMPLAINTS

All service shall be made by certified mail, return receipt requested. If the Plaintiff wishes to obtain personal service, costs of private approved process servers shall be borne by the Plaintiff and all such requests for personal service must be approved by the Magistrate or the Judge.

D. SCHEDULING OF HEARINGS

After proof of service is obtained, the Court shall docket the Complaint in the following manner:

1. If no Answer is filed within twenty-eight (28) days after service and the Complaint states a cause of action within the subject matter jurisdiction of the Court, Default Judgment will be entered for Plaintiff.
2. If an Answer is filed within twenty-eight (28) days after service, the Court will set a Pretrial Mediation Hearing.
3. All Final Trials will be assigned by the Magistrate after a Pretrial Medication hearing.

E. AUTOMATIC TRANSFER

Upon the appearance of an attorney, either through original filing or by way of Answer or representation at a hearing, the case will be transferred to the Civil Docket of the Court and removed from the Small Claims Division.

F. STIPULATION OF FACT

All parties in a final trial shall either sign stipulations relative to an appeal or must provide a transcript of the trial before the Court will consider an appeal.

G. DISMISSALS

If an improper Complaint is filed and dismissed by the Court, all costs deposited are not subject to refund. All such dismissals shall be without prejudice.

H. IMPROPER COMPLAINT

Improper Complaint is defined as a Complaint that exceeds the monetary limits of the Court, a Complaint that does not state a legal cause of action, or any Complaint that does not comply with the Ohio Revised Code or Local Rules.

I. JURISDICTION

Only those complaints as defined in §1925.02 R.C., and by Local Rules shall be authorized to proceed to Mediation or Judgment.

The Court will not accept claims that attempt to enforce an Order of any other Court, (collection of support, orders to return property awarded in a divorce, restitution ordered by Juvenile Court, etc.).

Any professional office attempting to collect fees must follow the Rules. The appearance of a professional (Doctor, Dentist, Attorney, etc.) is required at every stage of the Small Claims process.

No claim can be filed by a power of attorney or designated agent unless specifically authorized by statute.

J. LEGAL ADVICE

None of the employees of the Court have any authority to provide legal advice to any litigant. Only those persons licensed to practice law are permitted to render legal advice. Any legal issues should be discussed with an attorney.

K. CONTINUANCES

No continuance of any hearing shall be granted unless the required Motion or request is filed with the Court, together with a fee of Five Dollars (\$5.00), and the opposing side has been given notice. Any continuance must be approved by the Magistrate or Judge.



Mansfield Ohio Municipal Court
Local Rule 12
Mediation

A. ABOUT MEDIATION

Mediation is a settlement process in which the Mansfield Municipal Court appointed Mediator meets informally with litigants to encourage them to develop workable solutions for their differences away from the courtroom. The Administrative Order accomplishes this mission by convening the parties in confidential negotiating sessions, facilitating the negotiations and monitoring settlement solutions until the parties have concluded the settlement process.

B. CIVIL MEDIATION

All civil cases and other misdemeanor criminal cases that the Court deems appropriate shall be referred to mediation. The referral to mediation shall occur once service has been completed on all parties, or shall occur at the pretrial scheduling conference, whichever occurs first.

Mediation shall be held in accordance with the applicable Mansfield Municipal Court Local Rules, including all subsequent amendments thereto. All counsel are required to attend the mediation with their clients and to be prepared to discuss their settlement position. When a party is insured, Defendants and adjusters need to be present for mediations if liability is contested. If liability is not contested, only adjusters are required to attend, Defendants may, but need not attend.

A court-appointed mediator conducts the mediation conferences. The goal of mediation is to offer participants a confidential, risk-free opportunity to evaluate their case candidly with an experienced mediator who has reviewed the case file in detail, and to explore the potential of resolving any disputed issues, whether substantive or procedural.

The mediation will be held at the Mansfield Municipal Court, 30 North Diamond Street, Mansfield, Ohio, 44902.

A non-refundable civil mediation fee of \$30.00 per party shall be paid within fourteen (14) days of the Order referring the matter to mediation. Payment shall be made to the Mansfield Municipal Court Clerk of Court, 30 North Diamond Street, Mansfield, Ohio, 44902. Non-payment by either party per this Rule will result in the plaintiff having the Complaint dismissed with prejudice or the Defendant having the Answer stricken and default judgment granted to the plaintiff.

C. SCHEDULING AND FORMAT

The Court attempts to schedule all mediation conferences, by written notice from the Court, three to four weeks in advance of the mediation conference date. The Court expects all parties, their attorneys and/or their insurance representatives to attend the conference with full settlement authority.

Most mediation conferences begin with an inquiry into the circumstances that led to the filing of the case, and all parties are given an opportunity to state their views of the case. This discussion allows the mediator and the parties to understand the issues. The mediator will then ask the parties to suggest and evaluate options to resolve the case. Often, a candid examination of the probabilities for various possible outcomes helps parties reach consensus in settling the case.

Initial conferences typically last one to two hours, but sometimes may last longer. In some cases, parties generate proposals that require further review and, if this happens, further sessions may occur. The mediator may schedule follow-up telephone or in-person conferences, with or without clients, as necessary, to pursue fully all opportunities for negotiated settlements.

D. BRIEFS

The Court may suspend the briefing schedule until the parties complete negotiations, and the parties should review the Court's entry referring the case to mediation for any orders related to the due dates for briefs. The mediator has the authority to return cases to the regular docket and terminate stays if the parties are not making progress in resolving their case. Entries lifting stays, including entries returning cases to the regular docket, will set forth when briefs will be due. If no stay of the briefing schedule is in effect, or if a stay has been lifted, parties must file briefs and other documents when such filings are due, and the Court will dismiss cases for want of prosecution or take other action if the parties do not file briefs timely.

E. WHAT PARTICIPANTS CAN EXPECT

Generally, participants can expect the mediator to lead a thoughtful and sometimes detailed exploration of the elements of the case. The extent of the preparation will vary with the amount of information available at the time of the conference. The mediator will inquire about settlement, and will help the parties discover common interests if they are not immediately evident. The mediator will make every effort to generate offers and counter offers until the parties either settle the case or know they cannot settle it, and by how much they cannot settle it. Conferences are relatively informal. They are, however, official proceedings of the Court.

F. WHAT THE COURT EXPECTS

The Court attempts to identify lead counsel for all parties when scheduling conferences. If the Court misidentifies lead counsel, addressees should advise the Court of this mistake in advance of the conference. Lead counsel should also prepare their clients to speak for themselves at the conference.

In most cases, parties move from prior settlement positions more than they expect, requiring further consultation with clients. Thus, counsel should bring clients or the individual with full settlement authority to the conference. If the client is a public board or commission that will need to approve any settlement before implementation, the Court expects counsel to have received firm settlement positions, beyond an initial position, from such board or commission. The mediator and the parties expend considerable time and effort in preparing for and participating in these mediation conferences. Attitudes and perceptions of participants frequently change in the process. Experience shows that this time and effort is wasted, and opportunities for settlement can be lost, when clients or the individual with full settlement authority does not attend the conference.

G. MANDATORY PARTICIPATION – VOLUNTARY SETTLEMENT

The Court expects the participation of all parties in scheduled conferences. Sometimes the parties cannot resolve the case without the involvement of individuals or groups who are not parties to the litigation. In that event, the Court may invite those additional persons or groups to participate. Even so, any mediated agreement affecting the interests of any party will take effect only with the voluntary consent of all parties.

H. CONFIDENTIALITY

Under R.C. Chapter 2710 (the Uniform Mediation Act), and Rule 16 of the Rules of Superintendence of the Supreme Court of Ohio, including all subsequent amendments thereto, and Ohio Rules of Evidence 408, mediation communications are privileged and are not admissible into evidence. Under R.C. Chapter 2710 (the Uniform Mediation Act), and Rule 16 of the Rules of Superintendence of the Supreme Court of Ohio, including all subsequent amendments thereto, and Ohio Rules of Evidence 408, mediation communications are confidential.



Mansfield Ohio Municipal Court
Local Rule 13
Traffic Violations Bureau

In accordance with Ohio Traffic Rule 13, there is hereby established in the Mansfield Municipal Court a Traffic Violations Bureau with authority to process and dispose of those traffic offenses for which no court appearance is required by law, the Court, or the discretion of the arresting officer. The Clerk is hereby appointed Violations Clerk with authority to delegate the duties of the office as the Clerk sees fit. A schedule of fines has been adopted and is available at the office of the Violations Clerk or Deputy Clerks authorized to accept waivers of trial and pleas of guilty. Such schedule is subject to change by the Municipal Judge.



Mansfield Ohio Municipal Court
Local Rule 14
Minor Misdemeanor Violations Bureau

In accordance with the Ohio Rules of Criminal Procedure 4.1 there is hereby established within the Mansfield Municipal Court a Minor Misdemeanor Violations Bureau, with authority to process and dispose of minor misdemeanors, other than traffic offenses for which no court appearance is required, either at the discretion of the arresting officer or the Court. The Clerk is hereby appointed Violations Clerk with authority to delegate the duties of this office as the Clerk sees fit. A schedule of fines has been adopted and is available at the office of the Violations Clerk or Deputy Clerks authorized to accept waivers of trial and pleas of guilty. Such schedule is subject to change by the Municipal Judge.



Mansfield Ohio Municipal Court
Local Rule 15
Jury Selection/Fees

Pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Section 1901.25 jury panels shall be selected by the Jury Commission of Richland County as provided in Ohio Revised Code Sections 2313.01 through 2313.26.

Jurors shall receive the same fees as jurors in the Court of Common Pleas. The Clerk of the Mansfield Municipal Court has authority to change those fees as they are changed in the Common Pleas Court of Richland County without further order being necessary.



Mansfield Ohio Municipal Court
Local Rule 16
Special Funds

The Court hereby finds that, for the efficient operation of the Court, additional funds are necessary to acquire and pay for Special Projects of the Court including, but not limited to, the rehabilitation of existing facilities, the hiring and training of staff, the acquisition of equipment and other related services.



Mansfield Ohio Municipal Court
Local Rule 17
Civil Court Costs

It is the rule of this Court and so ordered, pursuant to section 1901.26 of the Ohio Revised Code that the court costs in the Civil Division of this Court shall be as follows:

Legal Aid Fee-\$26.00 included in costs-\$11.00 Small Claims

Complaint	\$120.00
Each Additional Defendant (10-19 pages-\$4 extra per def) (20+ pages-\$8 extra per def)	\$15.00
Alias Summons	\$40.00
Each additional Defendant (Additional postage fee same as Complaint)	\$15.00
Regular Mail Service (Additional postage fee same as Complaint)	\$10.00
Amended Complaint w/summons	\$55.00
Each additional Defendant\$ (Additional postage fee same as Complaint)	\$15.00
Cross Complaint w/Summons and Service	\$55.00
Each additional Defendant (Additional postage fee same as Complaint)	\$15.00
Third Party Complaint w/Summons and Service	\$55.00
Each additional Defendant	\$15.00
Petition on Appeal	\$120.00
Cognovit Note (includes mail service)	\$120.00
Small Claim	\$75.00
Additional Defendant	\$15.00
Small Claim Contested Hearing	\$40.00
Objection to Magistrate's Report	\$35.00
Motion to Continue	\$5.00
Forcible Entry and Detention (Includes Service)	\$105.00
Each additional Defendant	\$15.00
Second Cause of Action	\$30.00
Issue Writ of Restitution	\$35.00
Motion for Default, Summary or Judgment on Pleadings	\$35.00
Motion to Vacate/Modify/Correct Judgment	\$45.00

Motion to Revive Judgment	\$45.00
Each additional Defendant	\$15.00
Trusteeship	\$55.00
Replevin-Hearing Prior to Replevin of Chattels	\$120.00
Execution-Goods and Chattels (includes Service within County) Security Deposit to be determined by Bailiff	\$80.00
Execution for Transfer of Title-Mobile Home	\$80.00
Security Deposit for Passenger Vehicle, Motorcycle or Pick-up Truck-Not over two ton capacity	\$1000.00
Wage Attachment	\$110.00
Bank Attachment (other than)	\$70.00
Personal Service within the County	\$65.00
Foreign Sheriff Service Deposit	\$100.00
Debtors Exam-Certified Mail Service	\$55.00
Debtors Exam-Personal Service within County	\$75.00
Pay-in Order	\$15.00
Debtors Disclosure	\$35.00
Transfer action to/from Common Pleas (before Judgment)	\$50.00
Transfer Small Claims to Regular Docket	\$85.00
Certificate of Judgment	\$35.00
File Transfer of Judgment	\$45.00
Transfer in Complaint-Change of Venue	\$115.00
Transfer Complaint out-Change of Venue	\$50.00
Motion to Compel	\$35.00
Mediation Fee per Party	\$35.00
Notice of Appeal	\$15.00
BMV Appeal-Petition	\$115.00
Subpoena Issued-Prepared and Served by Attorney	\$20.00
Subpoena Issued and Personal Service within County	\$85.00

Service of Publication-Attorney to make arrangements w/newspaper	
Exemplified Copy	\$20.00
Calling Jury	\$35.00
Jury Demand-Deposit (payable 1 week before Jury Trial)	\$700.00
Witness Fees-One Half day-Plus mileage	\$6.00
Witness Fees-All day plus mileage	\$12.00
Furnish Copy	\$.05
Certified Copy-each	\$1.00
Motion for Continuance	\$30.00
Leave to Plead	\$15.00
Issue Warrant	\$70.00

2% Poundage (1% over \$10,000.00) collected on money paid to the Clerk in pursuance of an order of Court or Judgments.

ALL COSTS FOR SERVICES SHALL BE PAID AT THE TIME OF FILING.



Mansfield Ohio Municipal Court
Local Rule 18
Subject: Court Costs in the Criminal/Traffic Division
Effective:

It is the rule of this Court, and so ordered, pursuant to section 1901.26 of the Ohio Revised Code, that the court costs in the Criminal/Traffic Division of this Court shall be amended as follows:

Basic Costs-Criminal and Non-Moving Violations	\$115.00
Basic Costs-Traffic Violations	\$125.00
Taking Bonds	\$25.00
Issuing Subpoena	\$2.00
Preparing Commitment Papers	\$2.00
Furnishing Copies	.05
Certified Copy-per page	\$1.00
Notice of Appeal	\$85.00
Calling a Jury	30.00
Diversion Program (plus any unpaid costs)	\$150.00
Release to BMV of Forfeiture of Operators License	\$25.00



Mansfield Ohio Municipal Court
Local Rule 19
Court Service on Mansfield Attorneys

It shall be sufficient service or delivery by the Court, its Clerk or the Law Director to any attorney who maintains a law office within the City of Mansfield, Ohio for any employee or official of this Court, the Clerk of this Court, or the Law Director to place a copy of the document or other paper in the attorneys' mailbox maintained in the office of the Clerk of the Mansfield Municipal Court. Any such service or delivery shall be deemed effective two business days after the date the document or other paper is placed in that mailbox. Business days are all days other than Saturdays, Sundays or legal holidays observed by the City of Mansfield.



Mansfield Ohio Municipal Court
Local Rule 20
Signature Stamp

All authorized personnel of the Mansfield Municipal Court and Mansfield Clerk of Court's Office using any signature stamp of a Judge or Magistrate shall place their initials next to the stamped signature.

Further, any entry or order of this Court bearing the stamped signature of any Judge or Magistrate shall not be an order of this Court unless the initials of the person who used the stamp is placed next to the stamped signature.



Mansfield Ohio Municipal Court
Local Rule 21
Subject: Affidavits of Indigency

All Affidavits filed by any party in a civil action requesting waiver of Court costs shall be immediately assigned to a Judge of this Court for hearing to determine the accuracy and truthfulness of the affidavit. The Clerk shall take no action on any filing until a Judge of this Court has determined the indigency status.



Mansfield Ohio Municipal Court
Local Rule 22
Warrants Issued Out of Arraignment

No warrant will be issued for failing to appear at arraignment unless there was service upon the Defendant of the charge(s) and notice of arraignment. If the Defendant was not served as above, the complainant must request a warrant be issued by preparing an affidavit state the basis for the request for the warrant. A Judge or Magistrate of the Mansfield Municipal Court must approve issuance of warrant after reviewing said affidavit.



**Mansfield Ohio Municipal Court
Local Rule 23
Warrants Issued on Dismissed Case**

All warrants issued in matters where the underlying charge(s) is subsequently dismissed are hereby recalled, unless otherwise ordered by the Court.



Mansfield Ohio Municipal Court
Local Rule 24
Warrants Issued for Failure to Appear

All warrants issued due to Defendants failure to appear, shall set forth the amount of the bond as stated on the bond schedule unless otherwise noted by the issuing Judge or Magistrate, excluding failure to appear for jail.



Mansfield Ohio Municipal Court
Local Rule 25
Bonds

Effective immediately, all bonds posted must be in the name of the Defendant and subsequently applied to all fines and costs owed by Defendant to the Mansfield Municipal Court.



Mansfield Ohio Municipal Court
Local Rule 26
Specialized Docket – Mental Health Court

A. Establishment of Mental Health Docket

The Court established a Mental Health Court Specialized Docket Program (Mental Health Court) on January 1, 2004, which is now governed under Superintendence Rule 36.20 for Specialized Dockets. It is the goal of Mental Health Court to reduce recidivism among individuals with behavioral health issues in the justice system; to reduce periods of incarceration by individuals with behavioral health issues; and to successfully graduate participants from Mental Health Court.

B. Placement on Mental Health Docket

In order to have his/her criminal case placed on the Mental Health Court Docket, a criminal Defendant must make an Application for Admission. To qualify for admission, a criminal Defendant must meet the following legal criteria; be a resident of Richland County; be charged with a misdemeanor of the fourth, third, second, and/or first degree unless approved otherwise by the Docket Judge; have a persistent mental illness which would benefit from court monitored treatment; and voluntarily enter Mental Health Court. Application for placement in Mental Health Court shall be subject to initial assessment by defense counsel, law director, and probation officer (“Assessment Team”) subject to approval by the Judge assigned to the criminal case, according to the criteria adopted by the Court. Persons charged with sex crimes (excluding public indecency), and minor misdemeanors may be ineligible for Mental Health Court. Mental Health Court is not available if felony charges are pending without approval of the Docket Judge. Upon initial acceptance into Mental Health Court, the criminal Defendant is referred for diagnostic evaluation to confirm that he/she meets clinical criteria. Clinical criteria includes: an “Axis One” diagnosis that is consistent with a severe and persistent mental illness; sufficient stability to understand and comply with program requirements; and the criminal Defendant must not pose an unacceptable risk to program staff, family or community. The Assessment Team, subject to approval by the Judge assigned to the case, will determine if the Defendant qualifies for Mental Health Court.

C. Case Assignment to Mental Health Court Docket Program

Upon Application for Admission to Mental Health Court, the case is transferred to the criminal docket of the Judge presiding over Mental Health Court. If the criminal Defendant does not enter the Mental Health Court, then the case is transferred to the original criminal docket. Upon acceptance into Mental Health Court, the criminal Defendant shall enter a plea of guilty and be sentenced. Sentence will be suspended subject to terms of probation that will include the mental health treatment plan. The Judge presiding over Mental Health Court shall have the primary responsibility for case management. In the event the criminal Defendant is unsuccessfully terminated from Mental Health Court for any reason, the case shall be returned to the regular docket of the Judge presiding over Mental Health Court.

D. Mental Health Court Docket Case Management

Criminal Defendants accepted into Mental Health Court will participate in counseling for mental health (individual and/or group sessions) and for substance abuse, if appropriate. The treatment plan may also include obtaining stable housing and reliable transportation, completing high school or obtaining a GED, participating in vocational assessment and entering appropriate training,

obtaining and maintaining employment (either part or full time). The Program Description, Participant Handbook, and Participation Agreement (as amended from time to time) are incorporated by reference.

E. Graduation from Mental Health Docket Program

Upon successful completion of the Treatment Plan, the criminal Defendant is graduated from Mental Health Court and may be placed on none reporting probation for one (1) year. If the criminal Defendant is unsuccessfully terminated from Mental Health Court, a probation violation hearing may be scheduled. In the event the Court finds the probation terms have been violated, the remaining sentence may be imposed. A criminal Defendant may also be neutrally discharged if they are no longer capable of completing Mental Health Court.



Mansfield Ohio Municipal Court
Local Rule 27
Specialized Docket – Veteran’s Court

A. Establishment of Veteran’s Court Docket

The Court established a specialized docket to address the unique challenges facing our Veterans as they return to civilian life often with serious trauma, both physical and mental which may contribute to their involvement with the criminal justice system. The Court believes we have a responsibility to ensure that Veterans receive the evidence-based intervention and treatment they need and on November 1, 2009 established a Veteran’s Court Specialized Docket Program (Veteran’s Court), which is now governed under Ohio Supreme Court Superintendence Rule 36.20 for Specialized Dockets. It is the goal of Veteran’s Court to link Veterans with various benefits, programs, evidence-based treatment and foster interaction with other Veteran peers to reduce recidivism among those Veterans with behavioral health issues in the criminal justice system; to reduce the need for incarceration, as well as periods of incarceration for those sentenced with treatable medical, substance abuse and behavioral health issues; and to successfully graduate participants from the Veteran’s Court.

B. Placement on Veteran’s Court Docket

In order to have his/her criminal case placed on the Veteran’s Court Docket, a criminal Defendant must make an Application for Admission. To qualify for admission, a criminal Defendant must meet the following legal criteria: be a Veteran or currently serve in the United States Military, be a resident of Richland County; be charged with a misdemeanor of the fourth, third, second, and/or first degree unless approved otherwise by the Docket Judge; be amenable to treatment and acknowledge a willingness to comply with the recommendation of the treatment team, be able to benefit from court monitored treatment and supervision; and the Veteran must voluntarily enter Veteran’s Court. Application for placement in Veteran’s Court shall be subject to initial assessment by defense counsel, law director, and/or probation officer (“Assessment Team”) subject to approval by the Judge assigned to the criminal case, according to the criteria adopted by the Court. Persons charged with sex crimes (excluding public indecency), and minor misdemeanors may not be eligible for Veteran’s Court. Veteran’s Court is not available if felony charges are pending without approval of the Docket Judge. Upon initial acceptance into Veteran’s Court, the participant is referred for diagnostic evaluation to confirm that he/she meets clinical criteria. Clinical criteria include treatable medical, psychological, substance abuse or mental health condition that may have contributed to the participant’s involvement with the criminal justice system. Mental Health conditions include an “Axis One” diagnosis that is consistent with a severe and persistent mental illness; sufficient stability to understand and comply with program requirements; and the criminal Defendant must not pose an unacceptable risk to program staff, family or community. All Veterans are screened for PTSD (Post Traumatic Stress Disorder). The Assessment Team following assessments and evaluations, subject to approval by the Judge assigned to the case will determine if the Defendant qualifies for Veteran’s Court.

C. Case Assignment to Veteran's Court Docket Program

Upon Application for Admission to Veteran's Court, the case is transferred to the criminal docket of the Judge presiding over Veteran's Court. If the criminal Defendant does not enter the Veteran's Court, then the case is transferred to the original criminal docket. Upon acceptance into Veteran's Court, the criminal Defendant shall enter a plea of guilty and be sentenced. Sentence will be suspended subject to terms of probation that will include the Veterans Treatment Plan. The Judge presiding over Veteran's Court shall have the primary responsibility for case management. In the event the criminal Defendant is unsuccessfully terminated from Veteran's Court for any reason, the case shall be returned to the regular docket of the Judge presiding over Veteran's Court.

D. Veteran's Court Docket Case Management

Criminal Defendants accepted into Veteran's Court will participate in counseling (individual and/or group sessions) and for substance abuse, if appropriate. The treatment plan may also include obtaining stable housing and reliable transportation, completing high school or obtaining a GED, participating in vocational assessment and entering appropriate training, obtaining and maintaining employment (either part or full time). The Program Description, Participant Handbook, and Participation Agreement (as amended from time to time) are incorporated by reference.

E. Graduation from Veteran's Court Docket Program

Upon successful completion of the Veteran's Treatment Plan, the participant is graduated from Veteran's Court and may be placed on non-reporting probation for one (1) year. If the criminal Defendant is unsuccessfully terminated from Veteran's Court, a probation violation hearing may be scheduled. In the event the Court finds the probation terms have been violated, the remaining sentence may be imposed. A criminal Defendant may also be neutrally discharged if they are no longer capable of completing Veteran's Court.



Mansfield Ohio Municipal Court
Local Rule 28
Specialized Docket – Treatment Court

A. Establishment of Treatment Court Docket

The Court established a specialized docket to address the increasing criminal cases resulting from growing crime and recidivism associated with substance abuse and addiction. The Court believes we have a responsibility to ensure that participants in special court programs designed to reduce crime and recidivism receive the evidence based intervention and treatment they need and on April 1, 1997 established a Treatment Court Specialized Docket Program (Treatment Court) which is now governed under Ohio Supreme Court Superintendence Rule 36.20 for Specialized Dockets. It is the goal of the Treatment Court to link participants with various support programs, and evidence based treatment to reduce recidivism among those participants with substance abuse, addiction, and behavioral health issues in the criminal justice system; to reduce the need for incarceration, as well as periods of incarceration for those sentenced with treatable medical, substance abuse and behavioral health issues; and to successfully graduate participants from the Treatment Court.

B. Placement on Treatment Court Docket

In order to have his/her criminal case placed on the Treatment Court Docket, a criminal Defendant must make an Application for Admission. To qualify for admission, a criminal Defendant must meet the following legal criteria: be a resident of Richland County; be charged with a misdemeanor of the fourth, third, second, and/or first degree unless approved otherwise by the Docket Judge; be amenable to treatment and acknowledge a willingness to comply with the recommendation of the treatment team, be able to benefit from court monitored treatment and supervision; and the Participant must voluntarily enter Treatment Court. Application for placement in Treatment Court shall be subject to initial assessment by defense counsel, law director, and/or probation officer (“Assessment Team”) subject to approval by the Judge assigned to the criminal case, according to the criteria adopted by the Court. Persons charged with sex crimes (excluding public indecency), and minor misdemeanors may not be eligible for Treatment Court. Treatment Court is not available if felony charges are pending without approval of the Docket Judge. Upon initial acceptance into Treatment Court, the participant is referred for diagnostic evaluation to confirm that he/she meets clinical criteria. Clinical criteria include treatable addiction, medical, psychological, substance abuse or mental health condition that may have contributed to the participant’s involvement with the criminal justice system. If there is a co-occurring mental health condition that includes an “Axis One” diagnosis that is consistent with a severe and persistent mental illness the Defendant may be considered for Mental Health Court. He/she must have sufficient stability to understand and comply with program requirements and the Defendant must not pose an unacceptable risk to program staff, family or community to be accepted. The Assessment Team, following assessments and evaluations, subject to approval by the Judge assigned to the case will determine if the Defendant qualifies for Treatment Court.

C. Case Assignment to Treatment Court Docket Program

Upon Application for Admission to Treatment Court, the case is transferred to the criminal docket of the Docket Judge presiding over Treatment Court. If the criminal Defendant does not enter Treatment Court then the case is transferred to the original criminal docket. Upon acceptance to Treatment Court; the criminal Defendant shall enter a plea of guilty and be sentenced. Sentence will be suspended subject to terms of probation that will include the Participants Treatment Plan. The Judge presiding over Treatment Court shall have the primary responsibility (final decision maker) for case management. In the event the criminal Defendant is unsuccessfully terminated from Treatment Court for any reason, the case shall be returned to the regular docket of the Judge presiding over the Treatment Court.

D. Treatment Court Docket Case Management

Criminal Defendants accepted into Treatment Court will participate in counseling (individual and/or group sessions) as well as substance abuse treatment, if appropriate. The treatment plan may also include obtaining stable housing and reliable transportation, completing high school or obtaining a GED, participating in vocational assessment and entering appropriate training, obtaining and maintaining employment (either part or full time). The Program Description, Participant Handbook, and Participation Agreement (as amended from time to time) are incorporated by reference.

E. Graduation from Treatment Court Docket Program

Upon successful completion of the Treatment Plan, and the participant is graduated from Treatment Court and may be placed on non-reporting probation for one (1) year. If the criminal Defendant is unsuccessfully terminated from Treatment Court, a probation violation hearing may be scheduled. In the event the Court finds the probation terms have been violated, the remaining sentence may be imposed. A criminal Defendant may also be neutrally discharged if they are no longer capable of completing Treatment Court.



Mansfield Ohio Municipal Court Local Rule
Local Rule 29
Specialized Docket – Domestic Violence Court

A. Establishment of Domestic Violence Court Docket

The Court established a specialized docket to address the increasing criminal cases associated with domestic violence by providing offenders with batterers' intervention services to reduce recidivism while ensuring the safety of victims. The Court believes we have a responsibility to ensure that participants in special court programs designed to reduce the crime of domestic assault receive the evidence based intervention and treatment they need and in 2008 established a Domestic Violence Specialized Docket Program (Domestic Violence Court) which is now governed under Ohio Supreme Court Superintendence Rule 36.20 for Specialized Dockets. It is the goal of Domestic Violence Court to link participants with various batterers' intervention and support programs using evidence based treatment to reduce recidivism among those participants with mental health, substance abuse, addiction, and behavioral health issues in the criminal justice system; to reduce the need for incarceration, as well as periods of incarceration for those sentenced with treatable medical, substance abuse and behavioral health issues; and to successfully graduate participants from the Domestic Violence Court.

B. Placement on Domestic Violence Court Docket

In order to have his/her criminal case placed on the Domestic Violence Court Docket, a criminal Defendant must make an Application for Admission. To qualify for admission, a criminal Defendant must meet the following legal criteria: be a resident of Richland County; be charged with a misdemeanor of the fourth, third, second, and/or first degree unless approved otherwise by the Docket Judge; be amenable to treatment and acknowledge a willingness to comply with the recommendation of the treatment team, be able to benefit from court monitored treatment and intensive supervision; and the participant must voluntarily enter Domestic Violence Court. Application for placement in Domestic Violence Court shall be subject to initial assessment by defense counsel, law director, and/or probation officer ("Assessment Team") subject to approval by the Judge assigned to the criminal case, according to the criteria adopted by the Court. Persons charged with sex crimes (excluding public indecency), and minor misdemeanors may not be eligible for Domestic Violence Court. Domestic Violence Court is not available if felony charges are pending without approval of the Docket Judge. Upon initial acceptance into Domestic Violence Court, the participant is referred for assessment and diagnostic evaluation to confirm that he/she meets clinical criteria. Clinical criteria include treatable addiction, medical, psychological, substance abuse or mental health condition that may have contributed to the participant's involvement with the criminal justice system. If there is a co-occurring mental health condition that includes an "Axis One" diagnosis that is consistent with a severe and persistent mental illness the Defendant may be considered for Mental Health Court. He/she must have sufficient stability to understand and comply with program requirements and the Defendant must not pose an unacceptable risk to the victim, family, program staff, or community to be accepted. The Assessment Team, following assessments and evaluations, subject to approval by the Judge assigned to the case will determine if the Defendant qualifies for Domestic Violence Court.

C. Case Assignment to Domestic Violence Court Docket Program

Upon Application for Admission to the Domestic Violence Court Docket Program, the case is transferred to the criminal docket of the Docket Judge presiding over Domestic Violence Court. If the criminal Defendant does not enter Domestic Violence Court, then the case is transferred to the original criminal docket. Upon acceptance to Domestic Violence Court; the criminal Defendant shall enter a plea of guilty and be sentenced. Sentence will be suspended subject to terms of probation that will include the Participants Treatment Plan. The Docket Judge presiding over Domestic Violence Court shall have the primary responsibility (final decision maker) for case management. In the event the criminal Defendant is unsuccessfully terminated from Domestic Violence Court for any reason, the case shall be returned to the regular docket of the Judge presiding over Domestic Violence Court.

D. Domestic Violence Court Docket Case Management

Criminal Defendants accepted into Domestic Violence Court will participate in developing the treatment plan which will include counseling (individual and/or group sessions) as well as substance abuse treatment, if appropriate. The treatment plan may also include obtaining stable housing and reliable transportation, completing high school or obtaining a GED, participating in vocational assessment and entering appropriate training, obtaining and maintaining employment (either part or full time). The Program Description, Participant Handbook, and Participation Agreement (as amended from time to time) are incorporated by reference.

E. Graduation from Domestic Violence Court Docket Program

Upon successful completion of the Treatment Plan, and after meeting all conditions of probation, the participant is graduated from Domestic Violence Court and may be placed on non-reporting probation for up to one (1) year. If the criminal Defendant is unsuccessfully terminated from Domestic Violence Court, a probation violation hearing may be scheduled. In the event the Court finds the probation terms have been violated, the remaining sentence may be imposed. A criminal Defendant may also be neutrally discharged if they are no longer capable of completing Domestic Violence Court.